

Film & Television Tax Credit Program PROGRESS REPORT



Solutions

Film & Television Tax Credit Program

- Became law in Feb. 2009 as part of a broad economic stimulus package
- Program launched July 1, 2009
- \$100 million dollars of tax credits allocated for each fiscal year
- Program targeted productions most likely to flee California



Who Qualifies for the Program?

Eligible for 20% Tax Credit:

- Feature Films (up to \$75 million maximum production budget)
- Movies of the Week or Miniseries
- New television series licensed for original distribution on <u>basic cable</u>



Who Qualifies for the Program?

Eligible for 25% Tax Credit:

- A television series that filmed all of its prior seasons outside of California.
- An "independent film" (\$1 million \$10 million budget that is produced by a company that is not publicly traded.)



Application Process

- Applications accepted at beginning of fiscal year
- Due to high demand, projects are selected by lottery
- Once all credits (\$100M) are exhausted, remaining applicants are placed on waiting list



Current Year Applications

- 380 Applications received on day one
- 34 projects selected by lottery
- When projects drop out of program, CFC pulls from waiting list
- Current waiting list: 331





- Application is reviewed for eligibility and required documentation
- Credit Allocation Letter is issued: this is a *reservation* of tax credits based on budget spending estimates.



Final Tax Credit Issuance

- Production must be completed
- Independent CPA performs an audit
- All final documentation and CPA report is submitted, CFC reviews
- CFC issues Tax Credit Certificate
- * Amount of credit is the same *or less than* the initial allocation



Estimated Tax Credit Production Spending

Program years 1 - 5

Total Allocations (reservations) to Date: \$600 million

269 Approved Projects Aggregate Spend: \$4.75 billion

Total Below-the-Line* Wages: \$1.48 billion

*excludes wages paid to actors, directors, producers



Estimated Tax Credit Production Spending

Average spending impact per each \$100 million allocated:

Average # of projects: **45**

Aggregate Spend: \$792 million

Total Below-the-Line* Wages: \$250 million

*excludes wages paid to actors, directors, producers



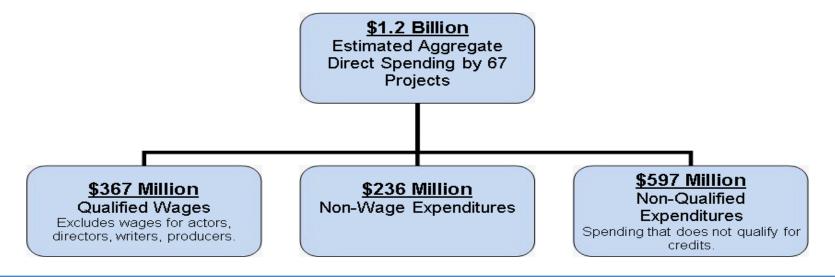
Estimated Tax Credit Employment

Average employment per each \$100 million allocated:

Estimated Cast & Crew hired: 8500

Background Actors hired: 67,000

II. Program Year 1 Summary (July 2009 – June 2010)

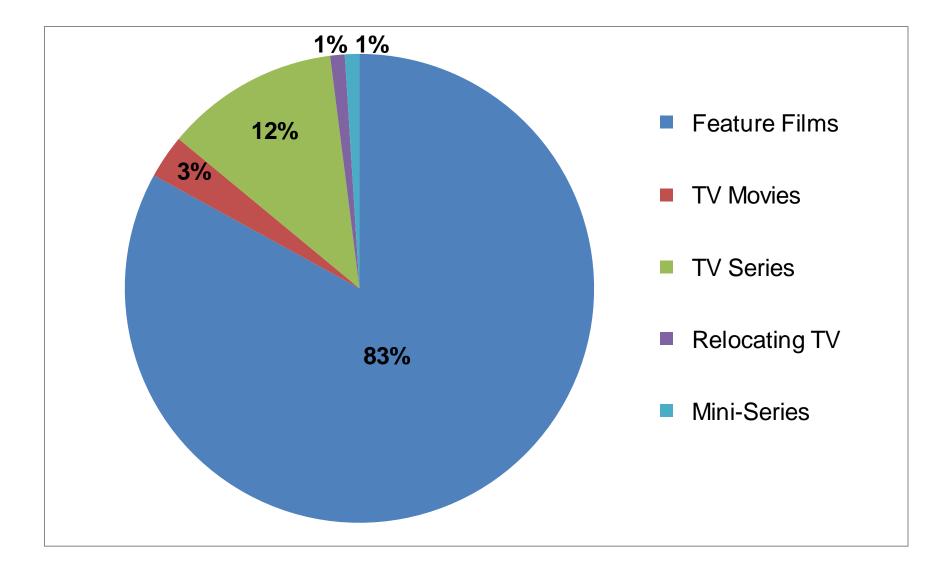


	Individuals Hired	
9,000 Crew Members	4,400 Cast Members	108,000 Background Players

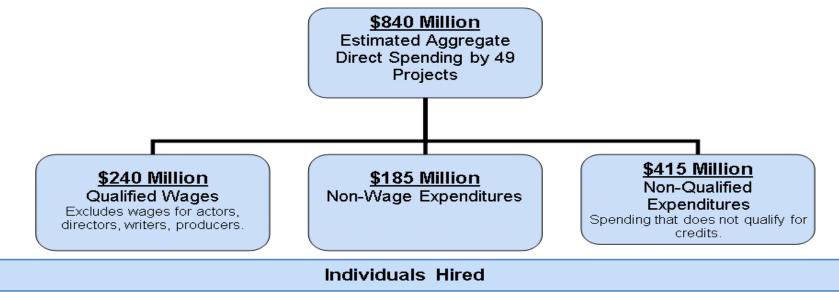
Breakdown by Project Type							
	Feature Films	TV Movies	TV Series	Relocating TV Series	Mini-Series	Total	
Number of Projects	46	13	6	1	1	67	
Percentage of Credit Allocation	83 %	3 %	12 %	1 %	1 %	100 %	

Independent VS. Non-independent Breakdown					
Independent Non-independent					
Number of Projects	30	37			
Percentage of Credit Allocation 11 % 89 %					

Breakdown by Credit Allocation Amount Program Year 1



III. Program Year 2 Summary (July 2010 – June 2011)

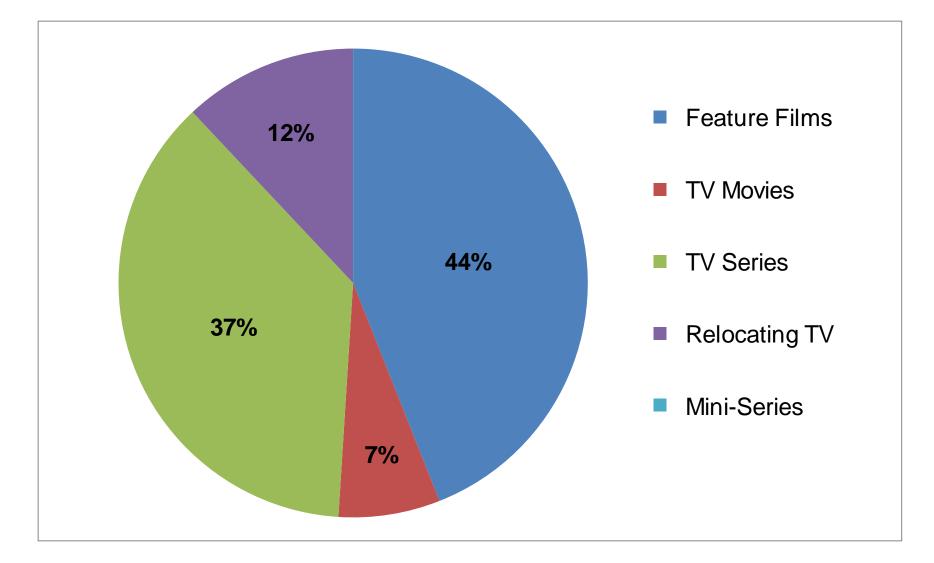


6,900 Crew Members	3,600 Cast Members	65,000 Background Players

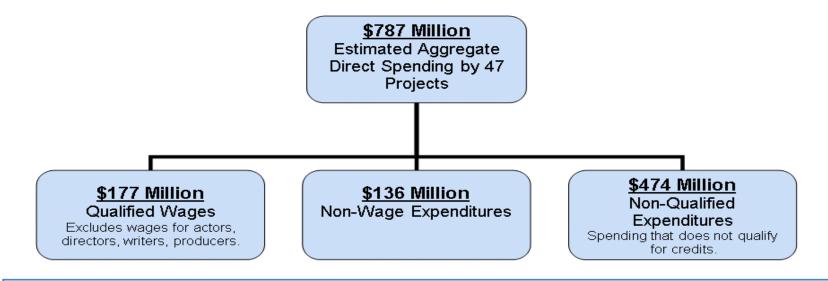
Breakdown by Project Type							
	Feature Films	TV Movies	TV Series	Relocating TV Series	Mini-Series	Total	
Number of Projects	24	12	11	2	0	49	
Percentage of Credit Allocation	44 %	7 %	37 %	12 %	0%	100 %	

Independent VS. Non-independent Breakdown						
Independent Non-independent						
Number of Projects	28	21				
Percentage of Credit Allocation	Percentage of Credit Allocation 14 % 86 %					

Breakdown by Credit Allocation Amount Program Year 2



IV. Program Year 3 Summary (July 2011 – June 2012)

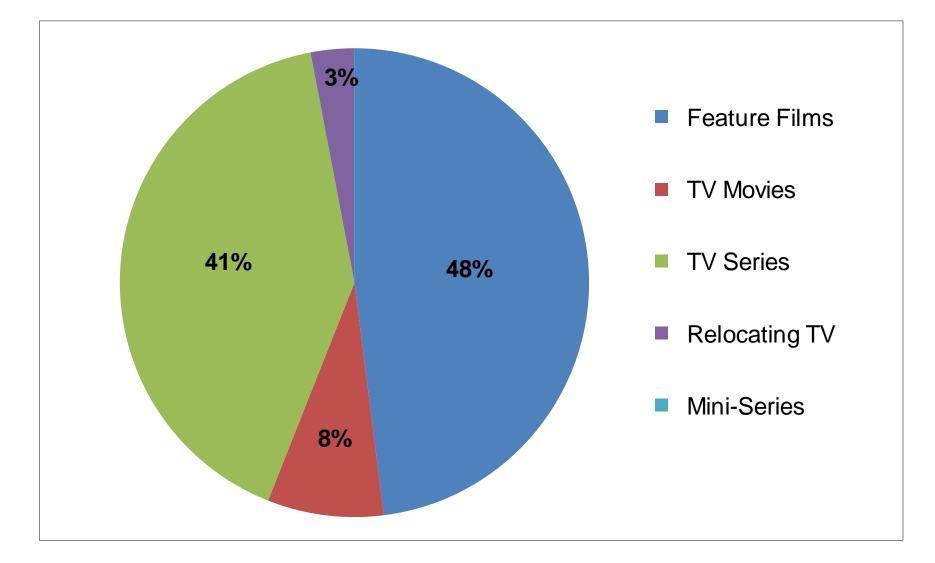


	Individuals Hired	
5,700 Crew Members	3,400 Cast Members	59,000 Background Players

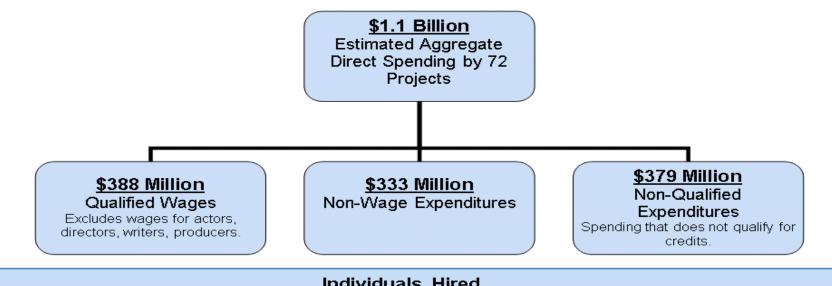
Breakdown by Project Type							
	Feature Films	TV Movies	TV Series	Relocating TV Series	Mini-Series	Total	
Number of Projects	27	11	8	1	0	47	
Percentage of Credit Allocation	48 %	8 %	41 %	3 %	0%	100 %	

Independent VS. Non-independent Breakdown						
Independent Non-independent						
Number of Projects	32	15				
Percentage of Credit Allocation	Percentage of Credit Allocation 33 % 67 %					

Breakdown by Credit Allocation Amount Program Year 3



V. Program Year 4 Summary (July 2012 – June 2013)

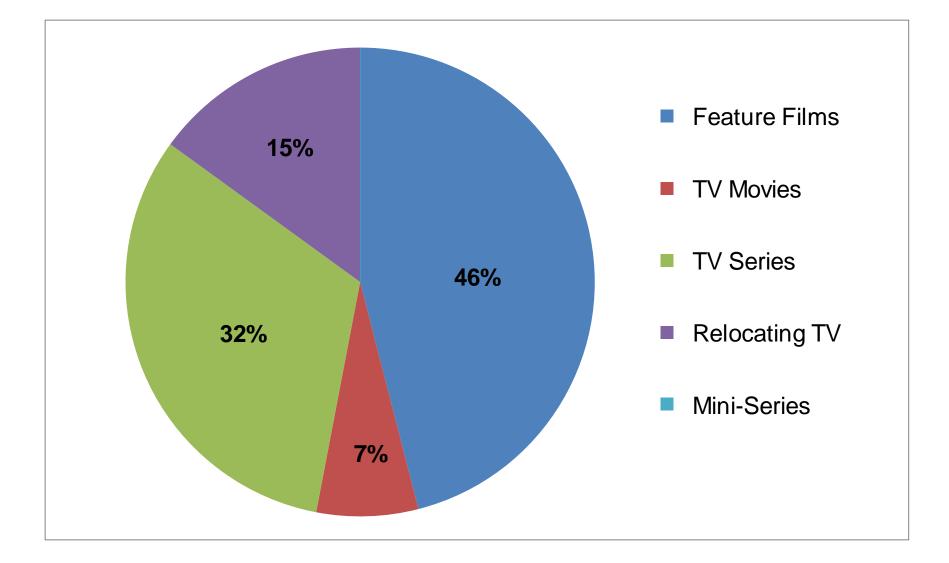


6,700 Crew Members	4,300 Cast Members	89,000 Background Players

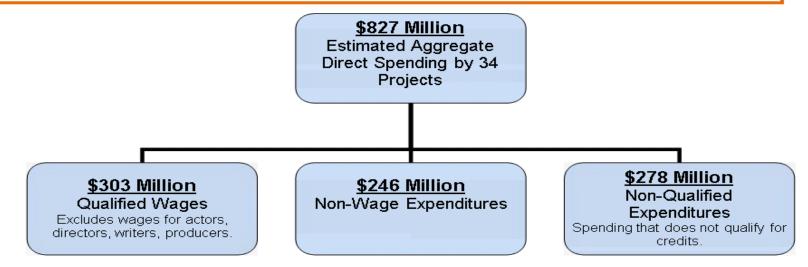
Breakdown by Project Type							
	Feature Films	TV Movies	TV Series	Relocating TV Series	Mini-Series	Total	
Number of Projects	37	21	11	2	1	72	
Percentage of Credit Allocation	46 %	7 %	32 %	15 %	0%	100 %	

Independent VS. Non-independent Breakdown					
Independent Non-independent					
Number of Projects	26				
Percentage of Credit Allocation	25 %	75 %			

Breakdown by Credit Allocation Amount Program Year 4



VI. Program Year 5 Summary (July 2013 – June 2014)

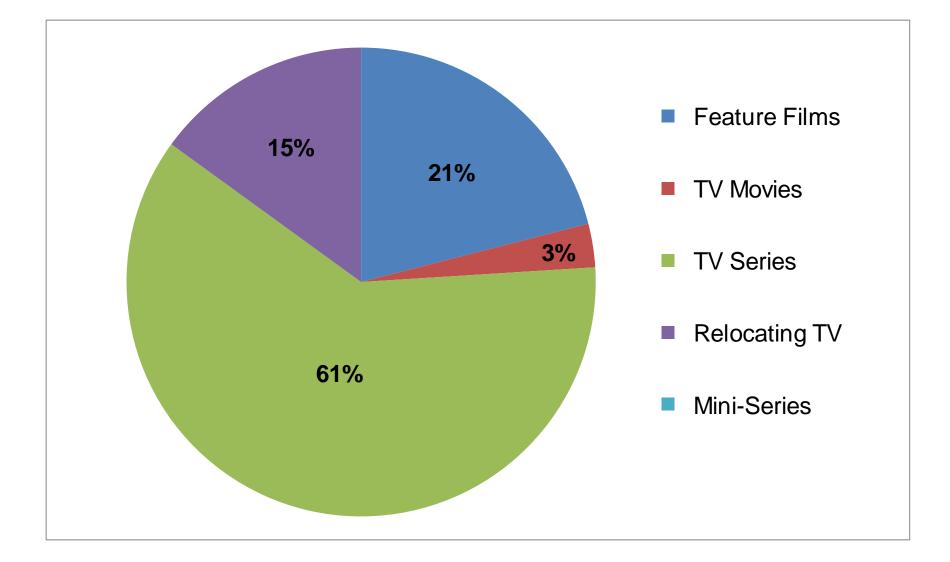


Individuals Hired				
3,800 Crew Members	3,200 Cast Members	83,000 Background Players		

Breakdown by Project Type							
	Feature Films	TV Movies	TV Series	Relocating TV Series	Mini-Series	Total	
Number of Projects	15	5	12	2	1	72	
Percentage of Credit Allocation	21%	3 %	61 %	15 %	0%	100 %	

Independent VS. Non-independent Breakdown					
L	Independent	Non-independent			
Number of Projects	16	18			
Percentage of Credit Allocation	14 %	86 %			

Breakdown by Credit Allocation Amount Program Year 5





Tax Credit Usage

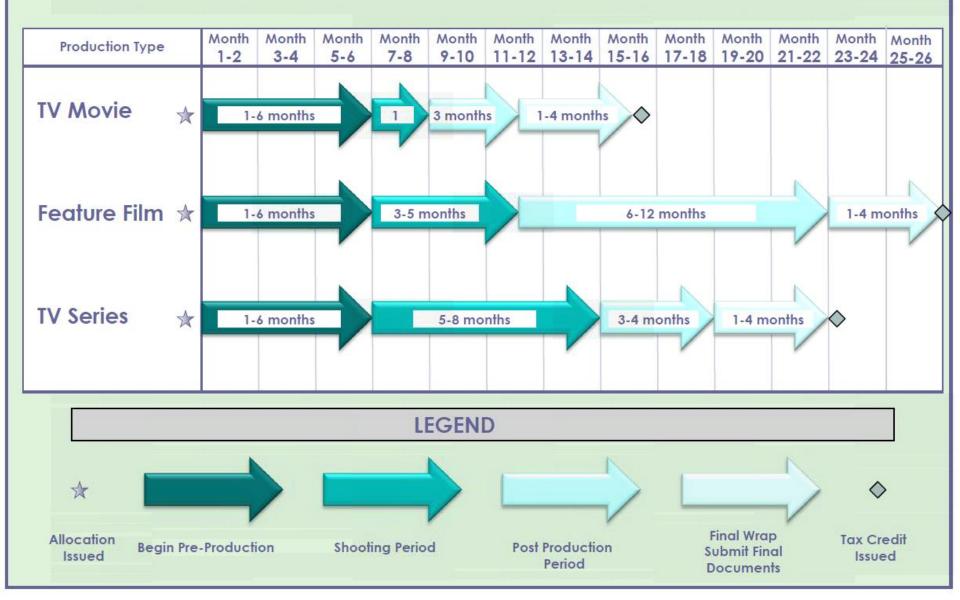
Taxpayer applies tax credit to state tax liability or Independents can sell the credit to another taxpayer

Total tax credit certificates issued as of 06-2013: \$242,575,400

Credits claimed against sales & use taxes \$27,541,500

Credits claimed against income tax liability \$34,330,800

California Film & TV Tax Incentive Program Timeline





Local Production Impact: Ventura County

Feature Film – *We Bought a Zoo*

8 months in Ventura County

Total local spending = \$4,245,000

- Local Hotels = \$93,000
- Site rentals, police, permits and parking= \$1,206,000
- Local labor including extras = \$2,120,000
- Food and catering purchases = \$86,344
- Local purchases & rentals = 500,000



We Bought a Zoo



WBAZ-333 Benjamin Mee (Matt Damon) gets the grand tour of his newly-purchased zoo from head zookeeper Kelly Foster (Scarlett Johansson). Along for the expedition are: Benjamin's young daughter Rosie (Maggie Elizabeth Jones, far right), zookeeper Robin Jones (Patrick Fugit) and monkey, Rhonda Blair (Carla Gallo), Lily Miska (Elle Fanning) and Benjamin's son Dylan (Colin Ford, rear).

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San Francisco – Local Impact Hemingway & Gellhorn

HBO Film "Hemingway & Gellhorn" filmed for 2 months in San Francisco

Total local spending = \$12,745,000

- Local Hotels = \$205,000
- Site rentals, police, permits and parking = \$353,000
- Local labor including extras = \$7,085,000
- Food and catering purchases = \$184,000

Hemingway & Gellhorn





Feature Film "Chasing Mavericks" filmed for 2 months in the San Mateo area

Total local spending = \$1,489,000

- Local Hotels = \$160,000
- Site rentals, police, permits and parking = \$248,000
- Local labor including extras = \$495,000
- Food and catering purchases = \$79,000

Chasing Mavericks





Alameda County Local Impact Moneyball

Feature Film "Moneyball" filmed for 1 week in Oakland

Total local spending = \$1,708,000

- Local Hotels = \$181,000
- Site rentals, police, permits and parking = \$172,000
- Local labor including extras = \$662,000
- Food and catering purchases = \$201,000

Moneyball





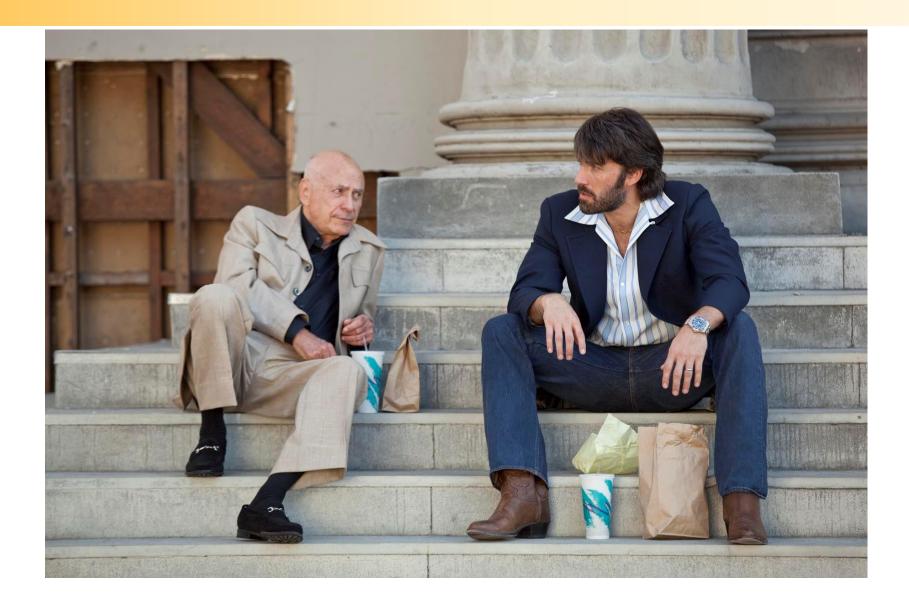
Los Angeles – Sample Impact ARGO

Feature Film "Argo" filmed for 48 days in L.A.

Total local spending = \$46,000,000

- Local Hotels = \$210,053
- Site rentals, police, permits and parking = \$5,139,717
- Local labor including extras = \$21,917,073
- Food and catering purchases = \$475,747

Argo







Justified estimated total spending for seasons 1 through 5: **\$191 million.**

Justified



TV 1-Hour Series Production

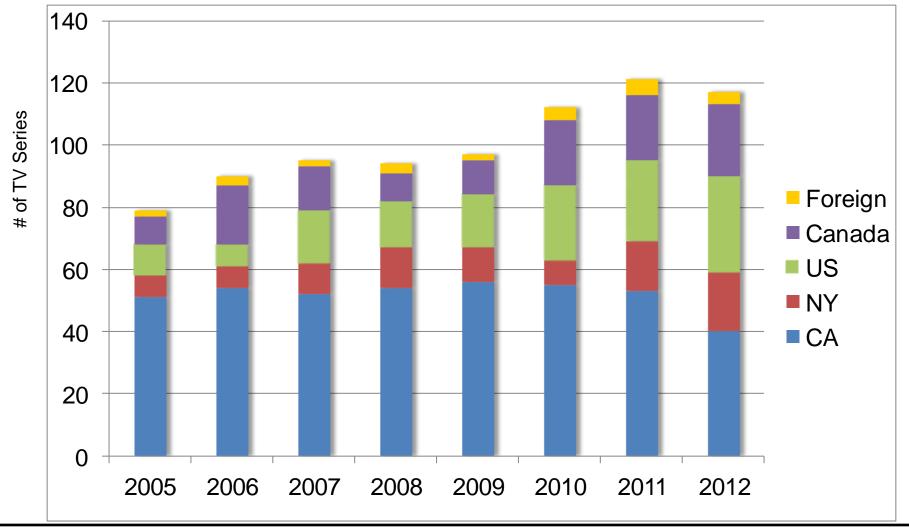


TABLE # 2: TV 1-Hour Series Production

TV 1-Hour Basic Cable Series

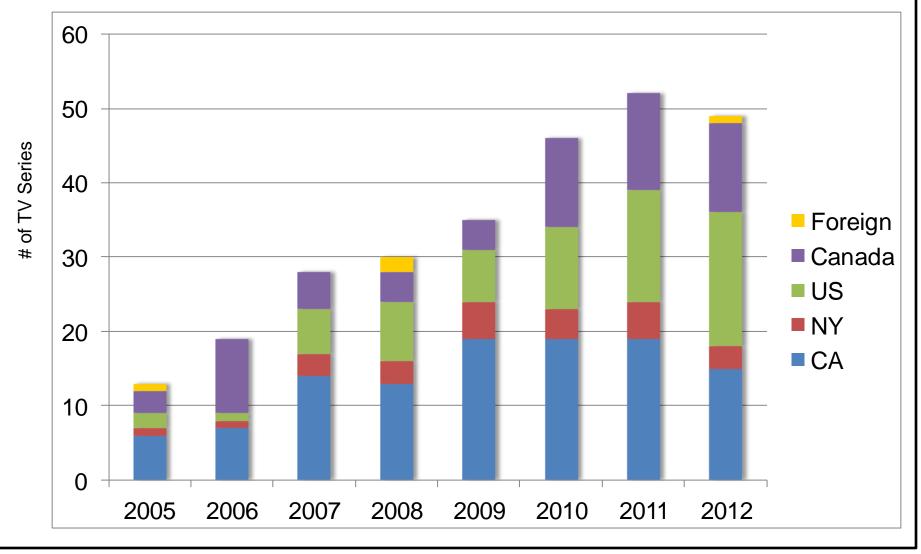


 TABLE # 3: TV 1-Hour Basic Cable Series

TV 1-Hour Network Series

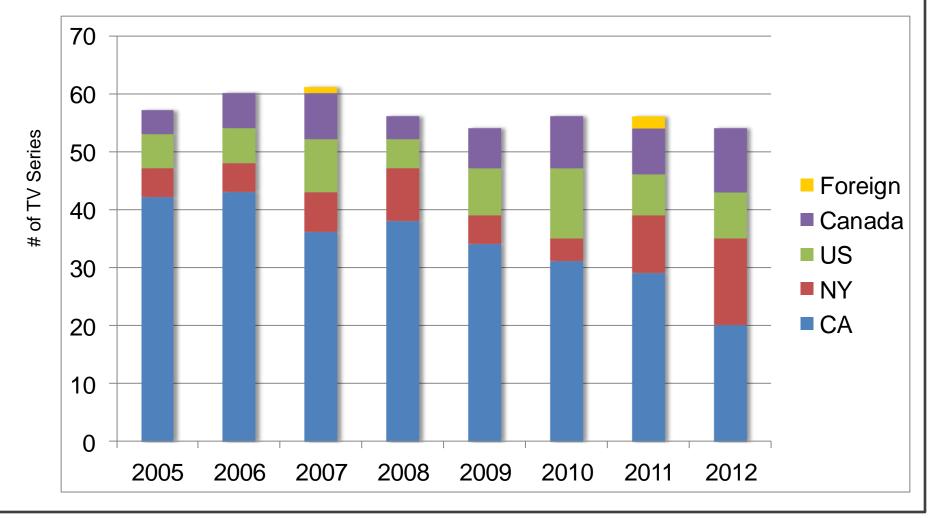


TABLE # 4: TV 1-Hour Network TV Series



Competition's Impact

- Loss of state and local tax revenues.
- California risks losing a signature industry.
- Our competitors are building up their job base and infrastructure
- Small businesses and middle class workers are hit hardest



www.film.ca.gov