

## Assembly Bill No. 14

### CHAPTER 568

An act to amend Sections 125.6, 16721, 16721.5, 19572, 23426.5, 23428.19, 23428.28, and 23438 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Sections 82, 83, 84, 85, and 1747.80 of the Civil Code, to amend Sections 204 and 425.15 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to amend Sections 5047.5 and 24001.5 of the Corporations Code, to amend Sections 66030, 66251, 66270, 66292, 66292.1, 66292.2, 69535, 72011, 72014, 89757, and 92150 of the Education Code, to amend Section 2110 of the Elections Code, to amend Sections 11015, 11131, 54091, 54092, 54961, and 68088 of the Government Code, to amend Sections 1317, 1317.3, and 11801 of the Health and Safety Code, to amend Section 10115.7 of the Public Contract Code, to amend Sections 5080.18 and 5080.34 of the Public Resources Code, to amend Sections 453 and 12751.3 of the Public Utilities Code, to amend Section 24343.2 of, and to repeal and amend Section 17269 of, the Revenue and Taxation Code, and to amend Sections 4666, 5348, 5806, 10000, 16522.1, and 18907 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to discrimination.

[Approved by Governor October 12, 2007. Filed with  
Secretary of State October 12, 2007.]

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 14, Laird. Discrimination: Civil Rights Act of 2007.

(1) The Unruh Civil Rights Act entitles all persons within the jurisdiction of this state to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments, regardless of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

Under existing law, persons holding licenses under the provisions of the Business and Professions Code are subject to disciplinary action for refusing, or aiding or inciting another licensee to refuse, to perform the licensed services because of the prospective recipient's race, color, sex, religion, ancestry, disability, marital status, or national origin. Existing law also creates an exception to that prohibition for healing arts practitioners if the licensed activity sought would pose a direct threat to the health or safety of others.

This bill would enact the Civil Rights Act of 2007, as described herein, and would instead subject those licensees to disciplinary action if the above-described discrimination is based upon the prospective recipient's sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation. This bill would also provide, however, that nothing in these provisions would prohibit the consideration

of those characteristics for purposes of diagnosis or treatment, or require any healing arts practitioner to perform a licensed activity for which he or she is not qualified.

(2) Existing law provides that no person within the jurisdiction of this state shall be excluded or required to be excluded from a business transaction on the basis of a policy expressed in any document or writing and imposed by a 3rd party if that policy requires discrimination against that person on the basis of the person's sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, or national origin, or on the basis that the person conducts or has conducted business in a particular location.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation, or on the basis that the person conducts or has conducted business in a particular location.

(3) Existing law provides that it is an unlawful trust and an unlawful restraint of trade for any person to grant or accept any letter of credit, or other document that evidences the transfer of funds or credit, or enter into any contract for the exchange of goods or services, if the letter of credit, contract, or other document contains any provision that requires any person to discriminate against, or to certify that he, she, or the letter, contract, or document has not dealt with, any other person on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, or national origin, or on the basis of a person's lawful business association.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person's lawful business association.

(4) The Horse Racing Law authorizes the California Horse Racing Board to provide by rule for the exclusion or ejection of specified persons from any horse racing inclosure. Notwithstanding that authorization, the law prohibits the board from providing by rule for the exclusion or ejection of a person on the ground of race, color, creed, national origin or ancestry, or sex.

This bill would instead prohibit the board from excluding or ejecting a person on the ground of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

(5) Existing law prohibits tennis, handball, racquetball, and beach and athletic clubs from discriminating against any person on account of specified characteristics.

This bill would conform those provisions to the Unruh Civil Rights Act, and instead prohibit those clubs from discriminating on account of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

(6) Existing law requires every alcoholic beverage club licensee that restricts membership or the use of its services or facilities on the basis of age, sex, race, religion, color, ancestry, or national origin to incorporate a

printed statement on its receipts that the expenditures covered by those receipts are nondeductible for tax purposes.

This bill would instead impose that requirement upon every alcoholic beverage club licensee that restricts membership or the use of its services or facilities on the basis of ancestry, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(7) The California Fair Dealership Law prohibits various acts of discrimination based on race, color, religion, national ancestry, or sex, with regard to the granting of dealerships, as defined.

This bill would conform those provisions to the Unruh Civil Rights Act, and instead prohibit that discrimination based upon sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

(8) A provision of the Song-Beverly Credit Card Act of 1971 prohibits a card issuer, as defined, from refusing to issue a credit card to a person solely because of that person's race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, or sex.

This bill would conform that provision to the Unruh Civil Rights Act, and instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

(9) Existing law specifies that no eligible person shall be exempt from service as a trial juror by reason of occupation, race, color, religion, sex, national origin, economic status, or sexual orientation, or for any other reason.

This bill would instead specify that no eligible person shall be exempt from service as a trial juror by reason of occupation, economic status, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability, or for any other reason.

(10) Existing law provides that no cause of action may be maintained against a person serving without compensation as a director or officer of a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to specified provisions of the nonprofit corporation law on account of any negligent act or omission by that person within the scope of that person's duties, except by court order or if the corporation unlawfully restricts membership, services, or benefits conferred on the basis of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, marital status, disability, political affiliation, or age.

This bill would instead except from that immunity a director or officer of a nonprofit corporation that unlawfully restricts membership, services, or benefits on the basis of ancestry, marital status, political affiliation, race, national origin, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, disability, or medical condition.

(11) Existing law provides that it is the policy of the state to afford all persons equal rights and opportunities in the postsecondary institutions of the state, regardless of specified factors. Existing law prohibits those institutions from discriminating on the basis of those factors, and requires the governing board of each community college district, the Chancellor of

the California State University, the president of each California State University campus, the President of the University of California, and the chancellor of each University of California campus to ensure that campus programs and activities are free from discrimination based upon those factors.

This bill would recast those factors in terms of, among others, sex, race, color, religion, age, ethnic group identification, national origin, disability, or sexual orientation.

(12) Existing law requires Cal Grant Program awards to be awarded without regard to race, religion, creed, sex, or age.

This bill would instead require Cal Grant Program awards to be awarded without regard to age, sex, race, color, religion, ethnic group identification, national origin, disability, or sexual orientation.

(13) Existing law prohibits the funds of a community college district, California State University, or University of California to be used for membership with, or for any participation involving a financial payment or contribution to, any private organization which membership practices are discriminatory on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, religion, or national origin.

This bill would instead prohibit those funds from being used for membership or participation with any private organization that discriminates on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, age, ethnic group identification, national origin, disability, or sexual orientation.

(14) Existing law prohibits a county elections official from refusing to deputize a person to register voters because of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, marital status, disability, religious or political affiliation, or age.

This bill would instead prohibit that refusal to deputize if based upon a person's ancestry, marital status, political affiliation, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(15) Existing law prohibits the state from using state funds for membership or any participation involving any private organization or the use of a facility which membership practices discriminate on the basis of, among others, race, creed, color, sex, religion, or national origin. Existing law also prohibits the legislative body of a local agency from using a facility which practices discriminate on the basis of those factors.

This bill would instead prohibit that state or local involvement and use of private facilities if the organization or facility discriminates on the basis of, among others, ancestry, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(16) Existing law requires a city, county, or other local agency that owns, operates, or controls a public beach, or access to that beach, to allow for its use by any person regardless of color, race, religion, ancestry, sex, national origin, or residence.

This bill would allow for that access regardless of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, age, ethnic group identification, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, or residence.

(17) Existing law authorizes the Judicial Council to provide by rule of court for racial, ethnic, gender bias, and sexual harassment training for judges, commissioners, and referees.

This bill would further authorize the Judicial Council to provide by rule of court for training for judges, commissioners, and referees on any other bias based on race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(18) Existing law prohibits the provision of emergency services and care to be based upon, or affected by, a person's race, ethnicity, religion, national origin, citizenship, age, sex, preexisting medical condition, physical or mental handicap, insurance status, economic status, or ability to pay for medical services, except as specified, and requires every hospital to adopt that policy.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon ethnicity, citizenship, age, preexisting medical condition, insurance status, economic status, ability to pay for medical services, sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation, except as specified, and would require every hospital to adopt that policy.

(19) Existing law authorizes each county to apply to the State Department of Health Services for funds for the purposes of alleviating problems in its county related to alcohol and drug abuse. Existing law authorizes each county to administer and coordinate all county alcohol and other drug programs funded by the state. Existing law requires every county alcohol and drug program administrator to assure compliance with applicable laws relating to discrimination against any person because of race, creed, age, religion, sex, sexual preference, or disabling conditions.

This bill would instead require every county alcohol and drug program administrator to assure compliance with applicable laws relating to discrimination against any person because of race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(20) Existing law prohibits state governmental entities and contractors from discriminating in the awarding of any contract or subcontract on the basis of race, color, sex, ethnic origin, or ancestry.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination on the basis of ancestry, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(21) Existing law governs contracts for state park system concessions, and prohibits discrimination by a concessionaire or his or her agents or employees against any person because of the race, color, religion, sex, marital status, national origin, or ancestry of that person.

This bill would conform those provisions to the Unruh Civil Rights Act, and would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, age, ethnic group identification, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

(22) Existing law prohibits a public utility from charging a person different rates or deposit amounts because of that person's race, religious

creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap, medical condition, occupation, sex, marital status, or change in marital status.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon occupation, sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, age, ethnic group identification, national origin, disability, medical condition, marital status, or sexual orientation.

(23) The Municipal Utility District Act prohibits a municipal utility district from discriminating in the awarding and performance of district contracts on the basis of race, color, sex, national origin, marital status, sexual preference, creed, ancestry, medical condition, or retaliation.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon marital status, ancestry, medical condition, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, disability, or retaliation.

(24) The Personal Income Tax Law and the Bank and Corporation Tax Law prohibit tax deductions based upon payments or expenditures made at a club that restricts membership or the use of its services or facilities on the basis of age, sex, race, religion, color, ancestry, or national origin.

This bill would instead prohibit those deductions if made at a club that discriminates on the basis of ancestry, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability. The bill would also delete an identical and duplicate provision as that described above.

(25) Existing law requires the state to contract with appropriate agencies to provide regional centers in the community for persons with developmental disabilities. Existing law prohibits those regional centers from conducting any meeting, conference, or other function in any facility that discriminates on the basis of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or disability.

This bill would further prohibit those centers from conducting any meeting, conference, or other function in any facility that discriminates on the basis of ancestry, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(26) Existing law requires any county that chooses to provide assisted outpatient treatment services to consider the cultural, linguistic, gender, age, and special needs of minorities in the target populations.

This bill would additionally require those counties to consider those needs based upon race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability in the target populations.

(27) Existing law requires the State Department of Mental Health to establish service standards that ensure that members of the target population are identified and that services are provided to assist those members. Existing law requires those individual personal service plans to ensure that members of the target population involved in the system of care receive age, gender, and culturally appropriate services, to the extent feasible.

This bill would additionally require those service plans to ensure that members of the target population receive culturally appropriate services or

appropriate services based upon race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability, to the extent feasible.

(28) Existing law specifies that for the purposes of the Welfare and Institutions Code that aid shall be administered and services provided promptly and humanely, with due regard for the preservation of family life, and without discrimination on account of race, national origin or ancestry, religion, sex, marital status, or political affiliation.

This bill would instead specify that those services be provided without discrimination on account of ancestry, marital status, political affiliation, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(29) Existing law requires the State Department of Social Services to adopt regulations to govern county transitional housing placement programs that provide supervised housing services to youth meeting specified criteria. Existing law requires the department to review the admission criteria to ensure that the criteria are sufficient to protect participants and that they do not discriminate on the basis of race, gender, sexual orientation, or disability.

This bill would instead require that the admission criteria do not discriminate on the basis of race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability.

(30) Existing law establishes a statewide program to enable specified recipients of aid and other low-income households to receive food stamps under the federal Food Stamp Program. Existing law provides that in the determination of eligibility for food stamps, there shall be no discrimination against any household by reason of race, color, religious creed, national origin, sex, marital status, or political belief, to the extent not in conflict with federal law.

This bill would instead prohibit that discrimination if based upon marital status, political belief, race, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, color, or disability, to the extent not in conflict with federal law.

(31) This bill would provide that the changes to Sections 66030, 66251, 66292, 66292.1, 66292.2, 69535, 72011, 72014, 89757, and 92150 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, each bill amends those provisions, and this bill is chaptered last.

(32) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 66270 of the Education Code, proposed by SB 777, to be operative only if SB 777 and this bill are both chaptered and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is chaptered last.

(33) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 5806 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, proposed by SB 851, to be operative only if SB 851 and this bill are both chaptered and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is chaptered last.

(34) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 16522.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, proposed by AB 671, to be operative

only if AB 671 and this bill are both chaptered and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is chaptered last.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares as follows:

(a) Even prior to passage of the Unruh Civil Rights Act, California law afforded broad protection against arbitrary discrimination by business establishments. The Unruh Civil Rights Act was enacted to provide broader, more effective protection against arbitrary discrimination. California's interest in preventing that discrimination is longstanding and compelling.

(b) In keeping with that history and the legislative history of the Unruh Civil Rights Act, California courts have interpreted the categories enumerated in the act to be illustrative rather than restrictive. It is the intent of the Legislature that these enumerated bases shall continue to be construed as illustrative rather than restrictive, and, consistent with the Unruh Civil Rights Act, that the civil rights provisions of this act that reference Section 51 of the Civil Code also be interpreted to be illustrative rather than restrictive.

SEC. 1.5. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Civil Rights Act of 2007.

SEC. 2. Section 125.6 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

125.6. (a) (1) With regard to an applicant, every person who holds a license under the provisions of this code is subject to disciplinary action under the disciplinary provisions of this code applicable to that person if, because of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code, he or she refuses to perform the licensed activity or aids or incites the refusal to perform that licensed activity by another licensee, or if, because of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code, he or she makes any discrimination, or restriction in the performance of the licensed activity.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to prevent a physician or health care professional licensed pursuant to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) from considering any of the characteristics of a patient listed in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code if that consideration is medically necessary and for the sole purpose of determining the appropriate diagnosis or treatment of the patient.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to apply to discrimination by employers with regard to employees or prospective employees, nor shall this section authorize action against any club license issued pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 23425) of Chapter 3 of Division 9 because of discriminatory membership policy.

(4) The presence of architectural barriers to an individual with physical disabilities that conform to applicable state or local building codes and regulations shall not constitute discrimination under this section.

(b) (1) Nothing in this section requires a person licensed pursuant to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) to permit an individual to participate in, or benefit from, the licensed activity of the licensee where that individual poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others. For this purpose, the term “direct threat” means a significant risk to the health or safety of others that cannot be eliminated by a modification of policies, practices, or procedures or by the provision of auxiliary aids and services.

(2) Nothing in this section requires a person licensed pursuant to Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) to perform a licensed activity for which he or she is not qualified to perform.

(c) (1) “Applicant,” as used in this section, means a person applying for licensed services provided by a person licensed under this code.

(2) “License,” as used in this section, includes “certificate,” “permit,” “authority,” and “registration” or any other indicia giving authorization to engage in a business or profession regulated by this code.

SEC. 3. Section 16721 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

16721. Recognizing that the California Constitution prohibits a person from being disqualified from entering or pursuing a business, profession, vocation, or employment because of sex, race, creed, color, or national or ethnic origin, and guarantees the free exercise and enjoyment of religion without discrimination or preference; and recognizing that these and other basic, fundamental constitutional principles are directly affected and denigrated by certain ongoing practices in the business and commercial world, it is necessary that provisions protecting and enhancing a person’s right to enter or pursue business and to freely exercise and enjoy religion, consistent with law, be established.

(a) No person within the jurisdiction of this state shall be excluded from a business transaction on the basis of a policy expressed in any document or writing and imposed by a third party where that policy requires discrimination against that person on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code or on the basis that the person conducts or has conducted business in a particular location.

(b) No person within the jurisdiction of this state shall require another person to be excluded, or be required to exclude another person, from a business transaction on the basis of a policy expressed in any document or writing that requires discrimination against that other person on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code or on the basis that the person conducts or has conducted business in a particular location.

(c) Any violation of any provision of this section is a conspiracy against trade.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any person, on this basis of his or her individual ideology or preferences, from doing business or refusing to do business with any other person consistent with law.

SEC. 4. Section 16721.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

16721.5. (a) It is an unlawful trust and an unlawful restraint of trade for any person to do the following:

(1) Grant or accept any letter of credit, or other document that evidences the transfer of funds or credit, or enter into any contract for the exchange of goods or services, where the letter of credit, contract, or other document contains any provision that requires any person to discriminate against or to certify that he, she, or it has not dealt with any other person on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code, or on the basis of a person's lawful business associations.

(2) To refuse to grant or accept any letter of credit, or other document that evidences the transfer of funds or credit, or to refuse to enter into any contract for the exchange of goods or services, on the ground that it does not contain a discriminatory provision or certification.

(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any letter of credit, contract, or other document that contains any provision pertaining to a labor dispute or an unfair labor practice if the other provisions of that letter of credit, contract, or other document do not otherwise violate the provisions of this section.

(c) For purposes of this section, the prohibition against discrimination on the basis of a person's business associations shall be deemed not to include the requiring of association with particular employment or a particular group as a prerequisite to obtaining group rates or discounts on insurance, recreational activities, or other similar benefits.

(d) For purposes of this section, "person" shall include, but not be limited to, individuals, firms, partnerships, associations, corporations, and governmental agencies.

SEC. 5. Section 19572 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

19572. The board may, by rule, provide for the exclusion or ejection from any inclosure where horse races are authorized, or from specified portions of that inclosure, of any known bookmaker, known tout, person who has been convicted of a violation of any provision of this chapter or of any law prohibiting bookmaking or any other illegal form of wagering on horseraces, or any other person whose presence in the inclosure would, in the opinion of the board, be inimical to the interests of the state or of legitimate horse racing, or both. No rule shall provide for the exclusion or ejection of any person on the ground of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

SEC. 6. Section 23426.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

23426.5. (a) For purposes of this article, "club" also means any tennis club that maintains not less than four regulation tennis courts, together with the necessary facilities and clubhouse, has members paying regular monthly dues, has been in existence for not less than 45 years, and is not associated with a common interest development as defined in Section 1351 of the Civil

Code, a community apartment project as defined in Section 11004 of this code, a project consisting of condominiums as defined in Section 783 of the Civil Code, or a mobilehome park as defined in Section 18214 of the Health and Safety Code.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any club licensed pursuant to this section to make any discrimination, distinction, or restriction against any person on account of age or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

SEC. 7. Section 23428.19 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

23428.19. For purposes of this article, “club” also means any private club organized to play handball or racquetball, which owns, maintains, or operates a building containing not less than four regulation-size handball or racquetball courts, which has members, and the members each pay regular monthly dues. As used in this section, a “regulation-size handball or racquetball court” is a court meeting the standards for regulation courts as are promulgated by the United States Handball Association or an equivalent organization.

It shall be unlawful for any club licensed pursuant to this section to make any discrimination, distinction, or restriction against any person on account of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

SEC. 8. Section 23428.28 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

23428.28. For the purposes of this article, “club” also means any beach and athletic club that owns, maintains, or operates a standard Amateur Athletic Union (AAU) swimming pool together with the necessary facilities and clubhouse, has a minimum of 500 members paying regular monthly dues, and has continuously operated for not less than one year.

No license shall be issued to any beach and athletic club qualifying as a club pursuant to this section if the beach and athletic club in any manner restricts membership or the use of its facilities on the basis of age or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

SEC. 9. Section 23438 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

23438. (a) Any alcoholic beverage club licensee which restricts membership or the use of its services or facilities on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code shall, when issuing a receipt for expenses which may otherwise be used by taxpayers for deduction purposes pursuant to Section 162(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of the Personal Income Tax Law, or Section 24343 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, for purposes of the Bank and Corporation Tax Law, incorporate a printed statement on the receipt as follows:

“The expenditures covered by this receipt are nondeductible for state income tax purposes or franchise tax purposes.”

(b) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(1) “Expenses” means expenses, as defined in Section 17269 or 24343.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

(2) “Club” means a club holding an alcoholic beverage license pursuant to the provisions of this division, except a club holding an alcoholic beverage license pursuant to Section 23425.

SEC. 10. Section 82 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

82. This part shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its underlying purposes and policies, which are as follows:

(a) The prohibition of discrimination based upon any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 in the granting, sale, transfer, bequest, termination, and nonrenewal of dealerships.

(b) The requirements of this part shall not be varied by contract or agreement and any portion of a contract or agreement purporting to do so is void and unenforceable.

SEC. 11. Section 83 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

83. On or after January 1, 1981, no grantor, directly or indirectly, shall refuse to grant a dealership to any person because of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51.

SEC. 12. Section 84 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

84. On or after January 1, 1981, no grantor, directly or indirectly, may terminate, cancel, or refuse to renew a dealership agreement with a dealer because of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51.

SEC. 13. Section 85 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

85. On or after January 1, 1981, no grantor or dealer, directly or indirectly, shall refuse to make or to consent to an assignment, sale, transfer, or bequest of a dealership to any person, or to the intestate succession to the dealership by any person, because of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51. This section shall not be construed to create any right in a dealer to assign, sell, transfer, or bequeath a dealership where the right did not exist prior to January 1, 1981.

SEC. 14. Section 1747.80 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

1747.80. (a) No card issuer shall refuse to issue a credit card to any person solely because of any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51.

(b) Any card issuer who willfully violates this section is liable for each and every offense for the actual damages, and two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) in addition thereto, suffered by any person denied a credit card solely for the reasons set forth in subdivision (a). In addition, that person may petition the court to order the card issuer to issue him or her a credit card upon the terms, conditions, and standards as the card issuer normally utilizes in granting credit to other individuals.

SEC. 15. Section 204 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

204. (a) No eligible person shall be exempt from service as a trial juror by reason of occupation, economic status, or any characteristic listed or

defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code, or for any other reason. No person shall be excused from service as a trial juror except as specified in subdivision (b).

(b) An eligible person may be excused from jury service only for undue hardship, upon themselves or upon the public, as defined by the Judicial Council.

SEC. 16. Section 425.15 of the Code of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

425.15. (a) No cause of action against a person serving without compensation as a director or officer of a nonprofit corporation described in this section, on account of any negligent act or omission by that person within the scope of that person's duties as a director acting in the capacity of a board member, or as an officer acting in the capacity of, and within the scope of the duties of, an officer, shall be included in a complaint or other pleading unless the court enters an order allowing the pleading that includes that claim to be filed after the court determines that the party seeking to file the pleading has established evidence that substantiates the claim. The court may allow the filing of a pleading that includes that claim following the filing of a verified petition therefor accompanied by the proposed pleading and supporting affidavits stating the facts upon which the liability is based. The court shall order service of the petition upon the party against whom the action is proposed to be filed and permit that party to submit opposing affidavits prior to making its determination. The filing of the petition, proposed pleading, and accompanying affidavits shall toll the running of any applicable statute of limitations until the final determination of the matter, which ruling, if favorable to the petitioning party, shall permit the proposed pleading to be filed.

(b) Nothing in this section shall affect the right of the plaintiff to discover evidence on the issue of damages.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any action against a nonprofit corporation for any negligent action or omission of a volunteer director or officer occurring within the scope of the person's duties.

(d) For the purposes of this section, "compensation" means remuneration whether by way of salary, fee, or other consideration for services rendered. However, the payment of per diem, mileage, or other reimbursement expenses to a director or officer shall not constitute compensation.

(e) (1) This section applies only to officers and directors of nonprofit corporations that are subject to Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110), Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110), or Part 4 (commencing with Section 9110) of Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code that are organized to provide charitable, educational, scientific, social, or other forms of public service and that are exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(1), except any credit union, or Section 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), 501(c)(7), or 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) This section does not apply to any corporation that unlawfully restricts membership, services, or benefits conferred on the basis of political

affiliation, age, or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

SEC. 17. Section 5047.5 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:

5047.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the services of directors and officers of nonprofit corporations who serve without compensation are critical to the efficient conduct and management of the public service and charitable affairs of the people of California. The willingness of volunteers to offer their services has been deterred by a perception that their personal assets are at risk for these activities. The unavailability and unaffordability of appropriate liability insurance makes it difficult for these corporations to protect the personal assets of their volunteer decisionmakers with adequate insurance. It is the public policy of this state to provide incentive and protection to the individuals who perform these important functions.

(b) Except as provided in this section, no cause of action for monetary damages shall arise against any person serving without compensation as a director or officer of a nonprofit corporation subject to Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110), Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110), or Part 4 (commencing with Section 9110) of this division on account of any negligent act or omission occurring (1) within the scope of that person's duties as a director acting as a board member, or within the scope of that person's duties as an officer acting in an official capacity; (2) in good faith; (3) in a manner that the person believes to be in the best interest of the corporation; and (4) is in the exercise of his or her policymaking judgment.

(c) This section shall not limit the liability of a director or officer for any of the following:

- (1) Self-dealing transactions, as described in Sections 5233 and 9243.
- (2) Conflicts of interest, as described in Section 7233.
- (3) Actions described in Sections 5237, 7236, and 9245.
- (4) In the case of a charitable trust, an action or proceeding against a trustee brought by a beneficiary of that trust.
- (5) Any action or proceeding brought by the Attorney General.
- (6) Intentional, wanton, or reckless acts, gross negligence, or an action based on fraud, oppression, or malice.
- (7) Any action brought under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code.

(d) This section only applies to nonprofit corporations organized to provide religious, charitable, literary, educational, scientific, social, or other forms of public service that are exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(e) This section applies only if the nonprofit corporation maintains a general liability insurance policy with an amount of coverage of at least the following amounts:

- (1) If the corporation's annual budget is less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), the minimum required amount is five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).

(2) If the corporation's annual budget equals or exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), the minimum required amount is one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

This section applies only if the claim against the director or officer may also be made directly against the corporation and a general liability insurance policy is in force both at the time of injury and at the time the claim against the corporation is made, so that a policy is applicable to the claim. If a general liability policy is found to cover the damages caused by the director or officer, no cause of action as provided in this section shall be maintained against the director or officer.

(f) For the purposes of this section, the payment of actual expenses incurred in attending meetings or otherwise in the execution of the duties of a director or officer shall not constitute compensation.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the liability of a nonprofit corporation for any negligent act or omission of a director, officer, employee, agent, or servant occurring within the scope of his or her duties.

(h) This section does not apply to any corporation that unlawfully restricts membership, services, or benefits conferred on the basis of political affiliation, age, or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

(i) This section does not apply to any volunteer director or officer who receives compensation from the corporation in any other capacity, including, but not limited to, as an employee.

SEC. 18. Section 24001.5 of the Corporations Code is amended to read:

24001.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the services of directors or officers of nonprofit medical associations, as defined in Section 21200, who serve without compensation are critical to the efficient conduct and management of the public service and charitable affairs of the people of California. The willingness of volunteers to offer their services has been deterred by a perception that their personal assets are at risk for these activities. The unavailability and unaffordability of appropriate liability insurance makes it difficult for these associations to protect the personal assets of their volunteer decisionmakers with adequate insurance. It is the public policy of this state to provide incentive and protection to the individuals who perform these important functions.

(b) Except as provided in this section, no cause of action for monetary damages shall arise against any person serving without compensation as a director or officer of a nonprofit medical association, as defined in Section 21200, on account of any negligent act or omission occurring (1) within the scope of that person's duties as a director acting as a board member, or within the scope of that person's duties as an officer acting in an official capacity; (2) in good faith; (3) in a manner that the person believes to be in the best interest of the association; and (4) is in the exercise of his or her policymaking judgment.

(c) This section shall not limit the liability of a director or officer for any of the following:

(1) Self-dealing transactions, as described in Sections 5233 and 9243.

- (2) Conflicts of interest, as described in Section 7233.
- (3) Actions described in Sections 5237, 7236, and 9245.
- (4) In the case of a charitable trust, an action or proceeding against a trustee brought by a beneficiary of that trust.
- (5) Any action or proceeding brought by the Attorney General.
- (6) Intentional, wanton, or reckless acts, gross negligence, or an action based on fraud, oppression, or malice.
- (7) Any action brought under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code.

(d) This section only applies to nonprofit organizations organized to provide charitable, educational, scientific, social, or other forms of public service that are exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(e) This section applies only if the nonprofit association maintains a general liability insurance policy with an amount of coverage of at least the following amounts:

(1) If the association's annual budget is less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), the minimum required amount is five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).

(2) If the association's annual budget equals or exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), the minimum required amount is one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

This section applies only if the general liability insurance policy is in force both at the time of injury and at the time that the claim is made, so that the policy is applicable to the claim.

(f) For the purposes of this section, the payment of actual expenses incurred in attending meetings or otherwise in the execution of the duties of a director or officer shall not constitute compensation.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the liability of a nonprofit association for any negligent act or omission of a director, officer, employee, agent, or servant occurring within the scope of his or her duties.

(h) This section does not apply to any association that unlawfully restricts membership, services, or benefits conferred on the basis of political affiliation, age, or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code.

(i) This section does not apply to any volunteer director or officer who receives compensation from the association in any other capacity, including, but not limited to, as an employee.

SEC. 19. Section 66030 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66030. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that public higher education in California strive to provide educationally equitable environments that give each Californian, regardless of age, economic circumstance, or any other characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code, a reasonable opportunity to develop fully his or her potential.

(b) It is the responsibility of the governing boards of institutions of higher education to ensure and maintain multicultural learning environments free

from all forms of discrimination and harassment, in accordance with state and federal law.

SEC. 20. Section 66251 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66251. It is the policy of the State of California to afford all persons, regardless of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code or any basis that is contained in the prohibition of hate crimes set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 422.6 of the Penal Code, equal rights and opportunities in the postsecondary institutions of the state. The purpose of this chapter is to prohibit acts that are contrary to that policy and to provide remedies therefor.

SEC. 21. Section 66270 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66270. No person shall be subjected to discrimination on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code or any basis that is contained in the prohibition of hate crimes set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 422.6 of the Penal Code in any program or activity conducted by any postsecondary educational institution that receives, or benefits from, state financial assistance or enrolls students who receive state student financial aid.

SEC. 21.5. Section 66270 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66270. No person shall be subjected to discrimination on the basis of disability, gender, nationality, race or ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code or any characteristic that is contained in the prohibition of hate crimes set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 422.6 of the Penal Code in any program or activity conducted by any postsecondary educational institution that receives, or benefits from, state financial assistance or enrolls students who receive state student financial aid.

SEC. 22. Section 66292 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66292. (a) The governing board of a community college district shall have the primary responsibility for ensuring that community college district programs and activities are free from discrimination based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(b) The Chancellor's office of the California Community Colleges shall have responsibility for monitoring the compliance of each district with any and all regulations adopted pursuant to Section 11138 of the Government Code.

SEC. 23. Section 66292.1 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66292.1. The Chancellor of the California State University and the president of each California State University campus shall have the primary responsibility for ensuring that campus programs and activities are free from discrimination based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 24. Section 66292.2 of the Education Code is amended to read:

66292.2. The President of the University of California and the chancellor of each University of California campus shall have primary responsibility for ensuring that campus programs and activities are free from discrimination

based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 25. Section 69535 of the Education Code is amended to read:

69535. (a) Cal Grant Program awards shall be based upon the financial need of the applicant. The level of financial need of each applicant shall be determined by the commission pursuant to Article 1.5 (commencing with Section 69503).

(b) For the applicants so qualifying, academic criteria or criteria related to past performances shall be utilized as the criteria in determining eligibility for grants.

(c) All Cal Grant Program award recipients shall be residents of California, as determined by the commission pursuant to Part 41 (commencing with Section 68000), and shall remain eligible only if they are in attendance and making satisfactory progress through the instructional programs, as determined by the commission.

(d) Part-time students shall not be discriminated against in the selection of Cal Grant Program award recipients, and awards to part-time students shall be roughly proportional to the time spent in the instructional program, as determined by the commission. First-time Cal Grant Program award recipients who are part-time students shall be eligible for a full-time renewal award.

(e) Cal Grant Program awards shall be awarded without regard to any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(f) No applicant shall receive more than one type of Cal Grant Program award concurrently. Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 69535.1, no applicant shall:

(1) Receive one or a combination of Cal Grant Program awards in excess of a total of four years of full-time attendance in an undergraduate program.

(2) Have obtained a baccalaureate degree prior to receiving a Cal Grant Program award, except as provided in Section 69540.

(g) Cal Grant Program awards, except as provided in subdivision (c) of Section 69535.1, may only be used for educational expenses of a program of study leading directly to an undergraduate degree or certificate, or for expenses of undergraduate coursework in a program of study leading directly to a first professional degree, but for which no baccalaureate degree is awarded.

(h) Commencing in 1999, the commission shall, for students who accelerate college attendance, increase the amount of award proportional to the period of additional attendance resulting from attendance in classes that fulfill requirements or electives for graduation during summer terms, sessions, or quarters. In the aggregate, the total amount a student may receive in a four-year period may not be increased as a result of accelerating his or her progress to a degree by attending summer terms, sessions, or quarters.

(i) The commission shall notify Cal Grant award recipients of the availability of funding for the summer term, session, or quarter through prominent notice in financial aid award letters, materials, guides, electronic information, and other means that may include, but not be limited to, surveys,

newspaper articles, or attachments to communications from the commission and any other published documents.

(j) The commission may provide by appropriate rules and regulations for reports, accounting, and statements from the award winner and college or university of attendance pertaining to the use or application of the award as the commission may deem proper.

(k) The commission may establish Cal Grant Program awards in one hundred dollar (\$100) increments.

(l) A Cal Grant Program award may be utilized only at the following institutions or programs:

(1) Any California private or independent postsecondary educational institution or program that participates in two of the three federal campus-based student aid programs and whose students participate in the Pell Grant program.

(2) Any nonprofit regionally accredited institution headquartered and operating in California that certifies to the commission that 10 percent of the institution's operating budget, as demonstrated in an audited financial statement, is expended for the purposes of institutionally funded student financial aid in the form of grants and that demonstrates to the commission that it has the administrative capacity to administer the funds.

(3) Any California public postsecondary educational institution or program.

SEC. 26. Section 72011 of the Education Code is amended to read:

72011. Every community college district shall provide access to its services, classes, and programs without regard to ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 27. Section 72014 of the Education Code is amended to read:

72014. No funds under the control of a community college district shall ever be used for membership or for any participation involving a financial payment or contribution, on behalf of the district or any individual employed by or associated therewith, in any private organization whose membership practices are discriminatory on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code. This section does not apply to any public funds which have been paid to an individual officer or employee of the district as salary, or to any funds which are used directly or indirectly for the benefit of student organizations.

SEC. 28. Section 89757 of the Education Code is amended to read:

89757. None of the funds enumerated in Section 89756, nor any of the funds of an auxiliary organization, shall ever be used by any university or college for membership or for any participation involving a financial payment or contribution, on behalf of the institution, or any individual employed by or associated therewith, in any private organization whose membership practices are discriminatory on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code. This section does not apply to any public funds which have been paid to an individual employee or officer as salary, or to any funds which are used directly or indirectly for the benefit of student organizations.

SEC. 29. Section 92150 of the Education Code is amended to read:

92150. No state funds under the control of an officer or employee of the University of California shall ever be used for membership or for any participation involving a financial payment or contribution, on behalf of the university, or any individual employed by or associated therewith, in any private organization whose membership practices are discriminatory on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code. This section does not apply to any public funds which have been paid to an individual employee or officer of the university as salary, or to any funds which are used directly or indirectly for the benefit of student organizations.

SEC. 30. Section 2110 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

2110. No county elections official may refuse to deputize any person to register voters because of ancestry, marital status, political affiliation, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 31. Section 11015 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11015. No state funds under the control of an officer or employee of the state, or of any agency thereof, shall ever be used for membership or for any participation involving a financial payment or contribution, on behalf of the state agency, or any individual employed by or associated therewith, in any private organization whose membership practices are discriminatory on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135. This section does not apply to any public funds which have been paid to an individual employee or officer as salary.

SEC. 32. Section 11131 of the Government Code is amended to read:

11131. No state agency shall conduct any meeting, conference, or other function in any facility that prohibits the admittance of any person, or persons, on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135, or that is inaccessible to disabled persons, or where members of the public may not be present without making a payment or purchase. As used in this section, "state agency" means and includes every state body, office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, council, commission, or other state agency.

SEC. 33. Section 54091 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54091. Any city, county, or other local agency that owns, operates, or controls any public beach shall allow the use of that public beach by all persons regardless of ancestry, residence, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135. Nonresidents of the city, county, or other local agency shall be permitted to use that public beach upon the same terms and conditions as are residents of the city, county, or local agency.

SEC. 34. Section 54092 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54092. Any city, county, or other local agency that allows any property owned, operated, or controlled by it to be used as a means of access to any public beach shall allow free access over that property to all persons regardless of ancestry, residence, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135.

SEC. 35. Section 54961 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54961. (a) No legislative body of a local agency shall conduct any meeting in any facility that prohibits the admittance of any person, or persons, on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135, or which is inaccessible to disabled persons, or where members of the public may not be present without making a payment or purchase. This section shall apply to every local agency as defined in Section 54951.

(b) No notice, agenda, announcement, or report required under this chapter need identify any victim or alleged victim of tortious sexual conduct or child abuse unless the identity of the person has been publicly disclosed.

SEC. 36. Section 68088 of the Government Code is amended to read:

68088. The Judicial Council may provide by rule of court for racial, ethnic, and gender bias, and sexual harassment training and training for any other bias based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 for judges, commissioners, and referees.

SEC. 37. Section 1317 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1317. (a) Emergency services and care shall be provided to any person requesting the services or care, or for whom services or care is requested, for any condition in which the person is in danger of loss of life, or serious injury or illness, at any health facility licensed under this chapter that maintains and operates an emergency department to provide emergency services to the public when the health facility has appropriate facilities and qualified personnel available to provide the services or care.

(b) In no event shall the provision of emergency services and care be based upon, or affected by, the person's ethnicity, citizenship, age, preexisting medical condition, insurance status, economic status, ability to pay for medical services, or any other characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code, except to the extent that a circumstance such as age, sex, preexisting medical condition, or physical or mental disability is medically significant to the provision of appropriate medical care to the patient.

(c) Neither the health facility, its employees, nor any physician and surgeon, dentist, clinical psychologist, or podiatrist shall be liable in any action arising out of a refusal to render emergency services or care if the refusal is based on the determination, exercising reasonable care, that the person is not suffering from an emergency medical condition, or that the health facility does not have the appropriate facilities or qualified personnel available to render those services.

(d) Emergency services and care shall be rendered without first questioning the patient or any other person as to his or her ability to pay therefor. However, the patient or his or her legally responsible relative or guardian shall execute an agreement to pay therefor or otherwise supply insurance or credit information promptly after the services are rendered.

(e) If a health facility subject to this chapter does not maintain an emergency department, its employees shall nevertheless exercise reasonable

care to determine whether an emergency exists and shall direct the persons seeking emergency care to a nearby facility that can render the needed services, and shall assist the persons seeking emergency care in obtaining the services, including transportation services, in every way reasonable under the circumstances.

(f) No act or omission of any rescue team established by any health facility licensed under this chapter, or operated by the federal or state government, a county, or by the Regents of the University of California, done or omitted while attempting to resuscitate any person who is in immediate danger of loss of life shall impose any liability upon the health facility, the officers, members of the staff, nurses, or employees of the health facility, including, but not limited to, the members of the rescue team, or upon the federal or state government or a county, if good faith is exercised.

(g) “Rescue team,” as used in this section, means a special group of physicians and surgeons, nurses, and employees of a health facility who have been trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and have been designated by the health facility to attempt, in cases of emergency, to resuscitate persons who are in immediate danger of loss of life.

(h) This section shall not relieve a health facility of any duty otherwise imposed by law upon the health facility for the designation and training of members of a rescue team or for the provision or maintenance of equipment to be used by a rescue team.

SEC. 38. Section 1317.3 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

1317.3. (a) As a condition of licensure, each hospital shall adopt, in consultation with the medical staff, policies and transfer protocols consistent with this article and regulations adopted hereunder.

(b) As a condition of licensure, each hospital shall adopt a policy prohibiting discrimination in the provision of emergency services and care based on ethnicity, citizenship, age, preexisting medical condition, insurance status, economic status, ability to pay for medical services, or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code, except to the extent that a circumstance such as age, sex, preexisting medical condition, or physical or mental disability is medically significant to the provision of appropriate medical care to the patient. Transfer by a hospital of a patient who requires evaluation for involuntary psychiatric treatment, as determined by the receiving hospital or other receiving health facility, based upon the decision of a professional person duly authorized by law to make that decision, shall not constitute discrimination for the purposes of this section, if the transferring hospital has not been designated as an evaluation facility by a county pursuant to Section 5150 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and if the transfer is in compliance with Section 1317.2.

(c) As a condition of licensure, each hospital shall require that physicians and surgeons who serve on an “on-call” basis to the hospital’s emergency room cannot refuse to respond to a call on the basis of the patient’s ethnicity, citizenship, age, preexisting medical condition, insurance status, economic

status, ability to pay for medical services, or any characteristic listed or defined in subdivision (b) or (e) of Section 51 of the Civil Code, except to the extent that a circumstance such as age, sex, preexisting medical condition, or physical or mental disability is medically significant to the provision of appropriate medical care to the patient. If a contract between a physician and surgeon and hospital for the provision of emergency room coverage presently prevents the hospital from imposing those conditions, the conditions shall be included in the contract as soon as is legally permissible. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring that any physician serve on an “on-call” basis.

(d) As a condition of licensure, all hospitals shall inform all persons presented to an emergency room or their representatives if any are present and the person is unable to understand verbal or written communication, both orally and in writing, of the reasons for the transfer or refusal to provide emergency services and care and of the person’s right to emergency services and care prior to transfer or discharge without regard to ability to pay. Nothing in this subdivision requires notification of the reasons for the transfer in advance of the transfer where a person is unaccompanied and the hospital has made a reasonable effort to locate a representative, and because of the person’s physical or mental condition, notification is not possible. All hospitals shall prominently post a sign in their emergency rooms informing the public of their rights. Both the posted sign and written communication concerning the transfer or refusal to provide emergency services and care shall give the address of the department as the government agency to contact in the event the person wishes to complain about the hospital’s conduct.

(e) If a hospital does not timely adopt the policies and protocols required in this article, the hospital, in addition to denial or revocation of any of its licenses, shall be subject to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each day after expiration of 60 days’ written notice from the state department that the hospital’s policies or protocols required by this article are inadequate unless the delay is excused by the state department upon a showing of good and sufficient cause by the hospital. The notice shall include a detailed statement of the state department’s reasons for its determination and suggested changes to the hospital’s protocols which would be acceptable to the state department.

(f) Each hospital’s policies and protocols required in or under this article shall be submitted for approval to the state department by December 31, 1988.

SEC. 39. Section 11801 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

11801. The alcohol and drug program administrator, acting through administrative channels designated pursuant to Section 11795, shall do all of the following:

(a) Coordinate and be responsible for the planning process, including preparation of the county plan executing the negotiated net amount contract, and Drug Medi-Cal contract, whichever is applicable.

(b) (1) Recommend to the board of supervisors the provision of services, establishment of facilities, contracting for services or facilities, and other matters necessary or desirable in accomplishing the purposes of this part.

(2) Exercise general supervision over the alcohol and other drug program services provided under the county plan, negotiated net amount contract, and Drug Medi-Cal contract, whichever is applicable.

(c) Assure compliance with applicable laws relating to discrimination against any person because of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(d) (1) Provide reports and information periodically to the advisory board regarding the status of alcohol and other drug programs in the county and keep the advisory board informed regarding changes in relevant state, federal, and local laws or regulations or improvements in program design and services that may affect the county alcohol and other drug program.

(2) Submit an annual report to the board of supervisors reporting all activities of the alcohol and other drug program, including a financial accounting of expenditures and a forecast of anticipated needs for the upcoming year.

(e) Be directly responsible for the administration of all alcohol or other drug program funds allocated to the county under this part, administration of county operated programs, and coordination and monitoring of programs that have contracts with the county to provide alcohol and other drug services.

(f) Encourage the appropriate utilization of all other public and private alcohol and other drug programs and services in the county in coordination with the programs funded pursuant to this part.

(g) Coordinate the activities of the county alcohol and other drug program with appropriate health planning agencies pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11820).

(h) Assure the evaluation of alcohol and other drug programs, including the collection of appropriate and necessary information, pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 11825).

(i) Participate in the process to assure program quality in compliance with appropriate standards pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 11830).

(j) Participate in the regulations process pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 11835).

(k) Participate and represent the county in meetings of the County Alcohol and Drug Program Administrators Association of California pursuant to Section 11811.5 for the purposes of representing the counties in their relationship with the state with respect to policies, standards, and administration for alcohol and other drug abuse services.

(l) Provide for the orientation of the members of the advisory board, including, but not limited to, the provision of information and materials on alcohol and other drug problems and programs, planning, procedures, and site visits to local programs.

(m) Perform any other acts that may be necessary, desirable, or proper to carry out the purposes of this part.

SEC. 40. Section 10115.7 of the Public Contract Code is amended to read:

10115.7. (a) Nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize any awarding department to discriminate in the awarding of any contract on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(b) Nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize any contractor to discriminate in the solicitation or acceptance of bids for subcontracting, or for materials or equipment, on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 41. Section 5080.18 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

5080.18. All concession contracts entered into pursuant to this article shall contain, but are not limited to, all of the following provisions:

(a) The maximum term shall be 10 years, except that a term of more than 10 years may be provided if the director determines that the longer term is necessary to allow the concessionaire to amortize improvements made by the concessionaire, to facilitate the full utilization of a structure that is scheduled by the department for replacement or redevelopment, or to serve the best interests of the state. The term shall not exceed 20 years without specific authorization by statute.

(b) Every concessionaire shall submit to the department all sales and use tax returns.

(c) Every concession shall be subject to audit by the department.

(d) A performance bond shall be obtained and maintained by the concessionaire. In lieu of a bond, the concessionaire may substitute a deposit of funds acceptable to the department. Interest on the deposit shall accrue to the concessionaire.

(e) The concessionaire shall obtain and maintain in force at all times a policy of liability insurance in an amount adequate for the nature and extent of public usage of the concession and naming the state as an additional insured.

(f) Any discrimination by the concessionaire or his or her agents or employees against any person because of the marital status or ancestry of that person or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code is prohibited.

(g) To be effective, any modification of the concession contract shall be evidenced in writing.

(h) Whenever a concession contract is terminated for substantial breach, there shall be no obligation on the part of the state to purchase any improvements made by the concessionaire.

SEC. 42. Section 5080.34 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

5080.34. Every agreement entered into pursuant to this article and every contract for a concession on lands that are subject to an agreement entered

into pursuant to this article shall expressly prohibit discrimination against any person because of the marital status or ancestry of that person or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 43. Section 453 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

453. (a) No public utility shall, as to rates, charges, service, facilities, or in any other respect, make or grant any preference or advantage to any corporation or person or subject any corporation or person to any prejudice or disadvantage.

(b) No public utility shall prejudice, disadvantage, or require different rates or deposit amounts from a person because of ancestry, medical condition, marital status or change in marital status, occupation, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code. A person who has exhausted all administrative remedies with the commission may institute a suit for injunctive relief and reasonable attorney's fees in cases of an alleged violation of this subdivision. If successful in litigation, the prevailing party shall be awarded attorney's fees.

(c) No public utility shall establish or maintain any unreasonable difference as to rates, charges, service, facilities, or in any other respect, either as between localities or as between classes of service.

(d) No public utility shall include with any bill for services or commodities furnished any customer or subscriber any advertising or literature designed or intended (1) to promote the passage or defeat of a measure appearing on the ballot at any election whether local, statewide, or national, (2) to promote or defeat any candidate for nomination or election to any public office, (3) to promote or defeat the appointment of any person to any administrative or executive position in federal, state, or local government, or (4) to promote or defeat any change in federal, state, or local legislation or regulations.

(e) The commission may determine any question of fact arising under this section.

SEC. 44. Section 12751.3 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

12751.3. (a) The purpose of this section is to provide affected districts with an alternative acquisition process that will result in reduced costs to ratepayers. Notwithstanding Section 12751, when the expenditure for the purchase of supplies and materials exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and the district determines that ratepayers reasonably can expect a net benefit in the cost of district services, the district may provide for the purchase of the supplies and materials by contract let in accordance with best value at the lowest cost acquisition policies adopted by the board pursuant to this section.

(b) The best value at the lowest cost acquisition policies adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include the following:

(1) Price and service level proposals that reduce the district's overall operating costs.

(2) Supplies and materials standards that support the district's strategic supplies and materials acquisition and management program direction.

(3) A procedure for protest and resolution.

(c) For purposes of this section, “best value at the lowest cost acquisition” means a competitive procurement process whereby the award of a contract for supplies and materials may take into consideration any of the following factors:

(1) The total cost to the district of its use or consumption of supplies and materials.

(2) The operational cost or benefit incurred by the district as a result of the contract award.

(3) The value to the district of vendor-added services.

(4) The quality, effectiveness, and innovation of supplies, materials, and services.

(5) The reliability of delivery or installation schedules.

(6) The terms and conditions of product warranties and vendor guarantees.

(7) The financial stability of the vendor.

(8) The vendor’s quality assurance program.

(9) The vendor’s experience with the provision of supplies, materials, and services.

(10) The consistency of the vendor’s proposed supplies, materials, and services with the district’s overall supplies and materials procurement program.

(11) The economic benefits to the general community related to job creation or retention.

(d) If a district that did not purchase supplies and materials by contract let pursuant to this section before January 1, 2006, elects to purchase supplies and materials by contract, let in accordance with best value acquisition policies adopted by the board pursuant to this section, the district shall submit a report to the Legislative Analyst on or before January 1, 2011. The district shall include in the report a summary of the costs and benefits of best value acquisition compared to traditional low bid procurement practices. The report shall also include statistics showing the number of contracts awarded to small businesses, minority-owned businesses, and new businesses and the number of years each contract awardee had been in business. The report shall also include an analysis of the effects of best value procurement practices on these businesses, the nature of any disputes arising from the use of best value procurement practices, and the status of those disputes. On or before April 1, 2011, the Legislative Analyst shall report to the Legislature on the use of “best value at lowest cost acquisition” procurement practices used by municipal utility districts, and recommend whether to modify this section and extend the authority of additional districts to elect to purchase supplies and materials by contract let in accordance with best value acquisition policies, beyond January 1, 2012.

(e) The district shall ensure that all businesses have a fair and equitable opportunity to compete for, and participate in, district contracts and shall also ensure that discrimination in the award and performance of contracts does not occur on the basis of marital status, ancestry, medical condition, any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government

Code, or retaliation for having filed a discrimination complaint in the performance of district contractual obligations.

(f) A district that did not purchase supplies and materials by contract let pursuant to this section before January 1, 2006, shall not purchase supplies and materials by contract let pursuant to this section after January 1, 2012.

SEC. 45. Section 17269 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, as added by Section 4 of Chapter 1139 of the Statutes of 1987, is repealed.

SEC. 46. Section 17269 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, as added by Section 2 of Chapter 1463 of the Statutes of 1987, is amended to read:

17269. Whereas, the people of the State of California desire to promote and achieve tax equity and fairness among all the state's citizens and further desire to conform to the public policy of nondiscrimination, the Legislature hereby enacts the following for these reasons and for no other purpose:

(a) The provisions of Section 162 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be applicable to expenses incurred by a taxpayer with respect to expenditures made at, or payments made to, a club which restricts membership or the use of its services or facilities on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(b) A club described in subdivision (a) holding an alcoholic beverage license pursuant to Division 9 (commencing with Section 23000) of the Business and Professions Code, except a club holding an alcoholic beverage license pursuant to Section 23425 thereof, shall provide on each receipt furnished to a taxpayer a printed statement as follows:

“The expenditures covered by this receipt are nondeductible for state income tax purposes or franchise tax purposes.”

(c) For purposes of this section:

(1) “Expenses” means those expenses otherwise deductible under Section 162(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, except for subdivision (a), and includes, but is not limited to, club membership dues and assessments, food and beverage expenses, expenses for services furnished by the club, and reimbursements or salary adjustments to officers or employees for any of the preceding expenses.

(2) “Club” means a club as defined in Division 9 (commencing with Section 23000) of the Business and Professions Code, except a club as defined in Section 23425 thereof.

SEC. 47. Section 24343.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

24343.2. Whereas, the people of the State of California desire to promote and achieve tax equity and fairness among all the state's citizens and further desire to conform to the public policy of nondiscrimination, the Legislature hereby enacts the following for these reasons and for no other purpose:

(a) No deduction shall be allowed under Section 24343 for expenses incurred by a taxpayer with respect to expenditures made at, or payments made to, a club which restricts membership or the use of its services or facilities on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(b) A club described in subdivision (a) holding an alcoholic beverage license pursuant to Division 9 (commencing with Section 23000) of the Business and Professions Code, except a club holding an alcoholic beverage license pursuant to Section 23425 thereof, shall provide on each receipt furnished to a taxpayer a printed statement as follows:

“The expenditures covered by this receipt are nondeductible for state income tax purposes or franchise tax purposes.”

(c) For purposes of this section:

(1) “Expenses” means those expenses otherwise deductible under Section 24343, except for subdivision (a), and includes, but is not limited to, club membership dues and assessments, food and beverage expenses, expenses for services furnished by the club, and reimbursements or salary adjustments to officers or employees for any of the preceding expenses.

(2) “Club” means a club as defined in Division 9 (commencing with Section 23000) of the Business and Professions Code, except a club as defined in Section 23425 thereof.

SEC. 48. Section 4666 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

4666. No regional center shall conduct any meeting, conference, or other function in any facility that prohibits the admittance of any person, or persons, on the basis of ancestry or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

SEC. 49. Section 5348 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

5348. (a) For purposes of subdivision (e) of Section 5346, any county that chooses to provide assisted outpatient treatment services pursuant to this article shall offer assisted outpatient treatment services including, but not limited to, all of the following:

(1) Community-based, mobile, multidisciplinary, highly trained mental health teams that use high staff-to-client ratios of no more than 10 clients per team member for those subject to court-ordered services pursuant to Section 5346.

(2) A service planning and delivery process that includes the following:

(A) Determination of the numbers of persons to be served and the programs and services that will be provided to meet their needs. The local director of mental health shall consult with the sheriff, the police chief, the probation officer, the mental health board, contract agencies, and family, client, ethnic, and citizen constituency groups as determined by the director.

(B) Plans for services, including outreach to families whose severely mentally ill adult is living with them, design of mental health services, coordination and access to medications, psychiatric and psychological services, substance abuse services, supportive housing or other housing assistance, vocational rehabilitation, and veterans’ services. Plans shall also contain evaluation strategies, that shall consider cultural, linguistic, gender, age, and special needs of minorities and those based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code in the target populations. Provision shall be made for staff with the cultural background

and linguistic skills necessary to remove barriers to mental health services as a result of having limited-English-speaking ability and cultural differences. Recipients of outreach services may include families, the public, primary care physicians, and others who are likely to come into contact with individuals who may be suffering from an untreated severe mental illness who would be likely to become homeless if the illness continued to be untreated for a substantial period of time. Outreach to adults may include adults voluntarily or involuntarily hospitalized as a result of a severe mental illness.

(C) Provisions for services to meet the needs of persons who are physically disabled.

(D) Provision for services to meet the special needs of older adults.

(E) Provision for family support and consultation services, parenting support and consultation services, and peer support or self-help group support, where appropriate.

(F) Provision for services to be client-directed and that employ psychosocial rehabilitation and recovery principles.

(G) Provision for psychiatric and psychological services that are integrated with other services and for psychiatric and psychological collaboration in overall service planning.

(H) Provision for services specifically directed to seriously mentally ill young adults 25 years of age or younger who are homeless or at significant risk of becoming homeless. These provisions may include continuation of services that would still be received through other funds had eligibility not been terminated as a result of age.

(I) Services reflecting special needs of women from diverse cultural backgrounds, including supportive housing that accepts children, personal services coordinator therapeutic treatment, and substance treatment programs that address gender specific trauma and abuse in the lives of persons with mental illness, and vocational rehabilitation programs that offer job training programs free of gender bias and sensitive to the needs of women.

(J) Provision for housing for clients that is immediate, transitional, permanent, or all of these.

(K) Provision for clients who have been suffering from an untreated severe mental illness for less than one year, and who do not require the full range of services, but are at risk of becoming homeless unless a comprehensive individual and family support services plan is implemented. These clients shall be served in a manner that is designed to meet their needs.

(3) Each client shall have a clearly designated mental health personal services coordinator who may be part of a multidisciplinary treatment team who is responsible for providing or assuring needed services. Responsibilities include complete assessment of the client's needs, development of the client's personal services plan, linkage with all appropriate community services, monitoring of the quality and follow through of services, and necessary advocacy to ensure each client receives those services which are agreed to in the personal services plan. Each client shall participate in the development of his or her personal services plan, and responsible staff shall

consult with the designated conservator, if one has been appointed, and, with the consent of the client, shall consult with the family and other significant persons as appropriate.

(4) The individual personal services plan shall ensure that persons subject to assisted outpatient treatment programs receive age, gender, and culturally appropriate services, to the extent feasible, that are designed to enable recipients to:

(A) Live in the most independent, least restrictive housing feasible in the local community, and, for clients with children, to live in a supportive housing environment that strives for reunification with their children or assists clients in maintaining custody of their children as is appropriate.

(B) Engage in the highest level of work or productive activity appropriate to their abilities and experience.

(C) Create and maintain a support system consisting of friends, family, and participation in community activities.

(D) Access an appropriate level of academic education or vocational training.

(E) Obtain an adequate income.

(F) Self-manage their illnesses and exert as much control as possible over both the day-to-day and long-term decisions that affect their lives.

(G) Access necessary physical health care and maintain the best possible physical health.

(H) Reduce or eliminate serious antisocial or criminal behavior, and thereby reduce or eliminate their contact with the criminal justice system.

(I) Reduce or eliminate the distress caused by the symptoms of mental illness.

(J) Have freedom from dangerous addictive substances.

(5) The individual personal services plan shall describe the service array that meets the requirements of paragraph (4), and to the extent applicable to the individual, the requirements of paragraph (2).

(b) Any county that provides assisted outpatient treatment services pursuant to this article also shall offer the same services on a voluntary basis.

(c) Involuntary medication shall not be allowed absent a separate order by the court pursuant to Sections 5332 to 5336, inclusive.

(d) Each county that operates an assisted outpatient treatment program pursuant to this article shall provide data to the State Department of Mental Health and, based on the data, the department shall report to the Legislature on or before May 1 of each year in which the county provides services pursuant to this article. The report shall include, at a minimum, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the strategies employed by each program operated pursuant to this article in reducing homelessness and hospitalization of persons in the program and in reducing involvement with local law enforcement by persons in the program. The evaluation and report shall also include any other measures identified by the department regarding persons in the program and all of the following, based on information that is available:

(1) The number of persons served by the program and, of those, the number who are able to maintain housing and the number who maintain contact with the treatment system.

(2) The number of persons in the program with contacts with local law enforcement, and the extent to which local and state incarceration of persons in the program has been reduced or avoided.

(3) The number of persons in the program participating in employment services programs, including competitive employment.

(4) The days of hospitalization of persons in the program that have been reduced or avoided.

(5) Adherence to prescribed treatment by persons in the program.

(6) Other indicators of successful engagement, if any, by persons in the program.

(7) Victimization of persons in the program.

(8) Violent behavior of persons in the program.

(9) Substance abuse by persons in the program.

(10) Type, intensity, and frequency of treatment of persons in the program.

(11) Extent to which enforcement mechanisms are used by the program, when applicable.

(12) Social functioning of persons in the program.

(13) Skills in independent living of persons in the program.

(14) Satisfaction with program services both by those receiving them and by their families, when relevant.

SEC. 50. Section 5806 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

5806. The State Department of Mental Health shall establish service standards that ensure that members of the target population are identified, and services provided to assist them to live independently, work, and reach their potential as productive citizens. The department shall provide annual oversight of grants issued pursuant to this part for compliance with these standards. These standards shall include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

(a) A service planning and delivery process that is target population based and includes the following:

(1) Determination of the numbers of clients to be served and the programs and services that will be provided to meet their needs. The local director of mental health shall consult with the sheriff, the police chief, the probation officer, the mental health board, contract agencies, and family, client, ethnic, and citizen constituency groups as determined by the director.

(2) Plans for services, including outreach to families whose severely mentally ill adult is living with them, design of mental health services, coordination and access to medications, psychiatric and psychological services, substance abuse services, supportive housing or other housing assistance, vocational rehabilitation, and veterans' services. Plans shall also contain evaluation strategies, that shall consider cultural, linguistic, gender, age, and special needs of minorities in the target populations. Provision

shall be made for staff with the cultural background and linguistic skills necessary to remove barriers to mental health services due to limited-English-speaking ability and cultural differences. Recipients of outreach services may include families, the public, primary care physicians, and others who are likely to come into contact with individuals who may be suffering from an untreated severe mental illness who would be likely to become homeless if the illness continued to be untreated for a substantial period of time. Outreach to adults may include adults voluntarily or involuntarily hospitalized as a result of a severe mental illness.

(3) Provisions for services to meet the needs of target population clients who are physically disabled.

(4) Provision for services to meet the special needs of older adults.

(5) Provision for family support and consultation services, parenting support and consultation services, and peer support or self-help group support, where appropriate for the individual.

(6) Provision for services to be client-directed and that employ psychosocial rehabilitation and recovery principles.

(7) Provision for psychiatric and psychological services that are integrated with other services and for psychiatric and psychological collaboration in overall service planning.

(8) Provision for services specifically directed to seriously mentally ill young adults 25 years of age or younger who are homeless or at significant risk of becoming homeless. These provisions may include continuation of services that would still be received through other funds had eligibility not been terminated due to age.

(9) Services reflecting special needs of women from diverse cultural backgrounds, including supportive housing that accepts children, personal services coordinator therapeutic treatment, and substance treatment programs that address gender specific trauma and abuse in the lives of persons with mental illness, and vocational rehabilitation programs that offer job training programs free of gender bias and sensitive to the needs of women.

(10) Provision for housing for clients that is immediate, transitional, permanent, or all of these.

(11) Provision for clients who have been suffering from an untreated severe mental illness for less than one year, and who do not require the full range of services but are at risk of becoming homeless unless a comprehensive individual and family support services plan is implemented. These clients shall be served in a manner that is designed to meet their needs.

(b) Each client shall have a clearly designated mental health personal services coordinator who may be part of a multidisciplinary treatment team who is responsible for providing or assuring needed services. Responsibilities include complete assessment of the client's needs, development of the client's personal services plan, linkage with all appropriate community services, monitoring of the quality and follow through of services, and necessary advocacy to ensure each client receives those services which are agreed to in the personal services plan. Each client shall participate in the development of his or her personal services plan, and responsible staff shall

consult with the designated conservator, if one has been appointed, and, with the consent of the client, consult with the family and other significant persons as appropriate.

(c) The individual personal services plan shall ensure that members of the target population involved in the system of care receive age, gender, and culturally appropriate services or appropriate services based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code, to the extent feasible, that are designed to enable recipients to:

(1) Live in the most independent, least restrictive housing feasible in the local community, and for clients with children, to live in a supportive housing environment that strives for reunification with their children or assists clients in maintaining custody of their children as is appropriate.

(2) Engage in the highest level of work or productive activity appropriate to their abilities and experience.

(3) Create and maintain a support system consisting of friends, family, and participation in community activities.

(4) Access an appropriate level of academic education or vocational training.

(5) Obtain an adequate income.

(6) Self-manage their illness and exert as much control as possible over both the day-to-day and long-term decisions which affect their lives.

(7) Access necessary physical health care and maintain the best possible physical health.

(8) Reduce or eliminate serious antisocial or criminal behavior and thereby reduce or eliminate their contact with the criminal justice system.

(9) Reduce or eliminate the distress caused by the symptoms of mental illness.

(10) Have freedom from dangerous addictive substances.

(d) The individual personal services plan shall describe the service array that meets the requirements of subdivision (c), and to the extent applicable to the individual, the requirements of subdivision (a).

SEC. 50.5. Section 5806 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

5806. The State Department of Mental Health shall establish service standards that ensure that members of the target population are identified, and services provided to assist them to live independently, work, and reach their potential as productive citizens. The department shall provide annual oversight of grants issued pursuant to this part for compliance with these standards. These standards shall include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

(a) A service planning and delivery process that is target population based and includes the following:

(1) Determination of the numbers of clients to be served and the programs and services that will be provided to meet their needs. The local director of mental health shall consult with the sheriff, the police chief, the probation officer, the mental health board, contract agencies, and family, client, ethnic and citizen constituency groups as determined by the director.

(2) Plans for services, including outreach to individuals who will be eligible for services under this section after successfully completing parole, mental health courts, and families whose severely mentally ill adult is living with them, design of mental health services, coordination and access to medications, psychiatric and psychological services, substance abuse services, supportive housing or other housing assistance, vocational rehabilitation, and veterans' services. Plans shall also contain evaluation strategies, that shall consider cultural, linguistic, gender, age, and special needs of minorities in the target populations. Provision shall be made for staff with the cultural background and linguistic skills necessary to remove barriers to mental health services due to limited-English-speaking ability and cultural differences. Recipients of outreach services may include families, the public, primary care physicians, police, sheriffs, judges, and others who are likely to come into contact with individuals who may be suffering from an untreated severe mental illness who would be likely to become homeless if the illness continued to be untreated for a substantial period of time. Outreach to adults may include adults voluntarily or involuntarily hospitalized as a result of a severe mental illness.

(3) Provisions for services to meet the needs of target population clients who are physically disabled.

(4) Provision for services to meet the special needs of older adults.

(5) Provision for family support and consultation services, parenting support and consultation services, and peer support or self-help group support, where appropriate for the individual.

(6) Provision for services to be client-directed and that employ psychosocial rehabilitation and recovery principles.

(7) Provision for psychiatric and psychological services that are integrated with other services and for psychiatric and psychological collaboration in overall service planning.

(8) Provision for services specifically directed to seriously mentally ill young adults 25 years of age or younger who are homeless or at significant risk of becoming homeless. These provisions may include continuation of services that would still be received through other funds had eligibility not been terminated due to age.

(9) Services reflecting special needs of women from diverse cultural backgrounds, including supportive housing that accepts children, personal services coordinator therapeutic treatment, and substance abuse treatment programs that address gender specific trauma and abuse in the lives of persons with mental illness, and vocational rehabilitation programs that offer job training programs free of gender bias and sensitive to the needs of women.

(10) Provision for housing for clients that is immediate, transitional, permanent, or all of these.

(11) Provision for clients who have been suffering from an untreated severe mental illness for less than one year, and who do not require the full range of services but are at risk of becoming homeless unless a

comprehensive individual and family support services plan is implemented. These clients shall be served in a manner that is designed to meet their needs.

(b) Each client shall have a clearly designated mental health personal services coordinator who may be part of a multidisciplinary treatment team who is responsible for providing or assuring needed services. Responsibilities include complete assessment of the client's needs, development of the client's personal services plan, linkage with all appropriate community services, monitoring of the quality and followthrough of services, and necessary advocacy to ensure each client receives those services which are agreed to in the personal services plan. Each client shall participate in the development of his or her personal services plan, and responsible staff shall consult with the designated conservator, if one has been appointed, and, with the consent of the client, consult with the family and other significant persons as appropriate.

(c) The individual personal services plan shall ensure that members of the target population involved in the system of care receive age, gender, and culturally appropriate services or appropriate services based on any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code, to the extent feasible, that are designed to enable recipients to:

(1) Live in the most independent, least restrictive housing feasible in the local community, and, for clients with children, to live in a supportive housing environment that strives for reunification with their children or assists clients in maintaining custody of their children as is appropriate.

(2) Engage in the highest level of work or productive activity appropriate to their abilities and experience.

(3) Create and maintain a support system consisting of friends, family, and participation in community activities.

(4) Access an appropriate level of academic education or vocational training.

(5) Obtain an adequate income.

(6) Self-manage their illness and exert as much control as possible over both the day-to-day and long-term decisions which affect their lives.

(7) Access necessary physical health care and maintain the best possible physical health.

(8) Reduce or eliminate serious antisocial or criminal behavior and thereby reduce or eliminate their contact with the criminal justice system.

(9) Reduce or eliminate the distress caused by the symptoms of mental illness.

(10) Have freedom from dangerous addictive substances.

(d) The individual personal services plan shall describe the service array that meets the requirements of subdivision (c), and to the extent applicable to the individual, the requirements of subdivision (a).

SEC. 51. Section 10000 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

10000. The purpose of this division is to provide for protection, care, and assistance to the people of the state in need thereof, and to promote the welfare and happiness of all of the people of the state by providing

appropriate aid and services to all of its needy and distressed. It is the legislative intent that aid shall be administered and services provided promptly and humanely, with due regard for the preservation of family life, and without discrimination on account of ancestry, marital status, political affiliation, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code. That aid shall be so administered and services so provided, to the extent not in conflict with federal law, as to encourage self-respect, self-reliance, and the desire to be a good citizen, useful to society.

SEC. 52. Section 16522.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

16522.1. In order to be licensed pursuant to Section 1559.110 of the Health and Safety Code, an applicant shall obtain certification from the county department of social services or the county probation department that the facility program provides all of the following:

(a) (1) Admission criteria for participants in the program, including, but not limited to, consideration of the applicant's age, previous placement history, delinquency history, history of drug or alcohol abuse, current strengths, level of education, mental health history, medical history, prospects for successful participation in the program, and work experience. Youth who are wards of the court described in Section 602 and youth receiving psychotropic medications shall be eligible for consideration to participate in the program, and shall not be automatically excluded due to these factors.

(2) The department shall review the admission criteria to ensure that the criteria are sufficient to protect participants and that they do not discriminate on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(b) Strict employment criteria that include a consideration of the employee's age, drug or alcohol history, and experience in working with persons in this age group.

(c) A training program designed to educate employees who work directly with participants about the characteristics of persons in this age group placed in long-term care settings, and designed to ensure that these employees are able to adequately supervise and counsel participants and to provide them with training in independent living skills.

(d) A detailed plan for monitoring the placement of persons under the licensee's care.

(e) A contract between the participating person and the licensee that specifically sets out the requirements for each party, and in which the licensee and the participant agree to the requirements of this article.

(f) An allowance to be provided to each participant in the program. In the case of a participant living independently, this allowance shall be sufficient for the participant to purchase food and other necessities.

(g) A system for payment for utilities, telephone, and rent.

(h) Policies regarding all of the following:

(1) Education requirements.

(2) Work expectations.

- (3) Savings requirements.
- (4) Personal safety.
- (5) Visitors including, but not limited to, visitation by the placement auditor pursuant to subdivision (d).
- (6) Emergencies.
- (7) Medical problems.
- (8) Disciplinary measures.
- (9) Child care.
- (10) Pregnancy.
- (11) Curfew.
- (12) Apartment cleanliness.
- (13) Use of utilities and telephone.
- (14) Budgeting.
- (15) Care of furnishings.
- (16) Decorating of apartments.
- (17) Cars.
- (18) Lending or borrowing money.
- (19) Unauthorized purchases.
- (20) Dating.
- (21) Grounds for termination that may include, but shall not be limited to, illegal activities or harboring runaways.
  - (i) Apartment furnishings, and a policy on disposition of the furnishings when the participant completes the program.
  - (j) Evaluation of the participant's progress in the program and reporting to the independent living program and to the department regarding that progress.
  - (k) A linkage to the federal Job Training and Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1501 et seq.) program administered in the local area to provide employment training to eligible participants.

SEC. 52.5. Section 16522.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

16522.1. In order to be licensed pursuant to Section 1559.110 of the Health and Safety Code, an applicant shall obtain certification from the county department of social services or the county probation department that the facility program provides all of the following:

(a) (1) Admission criteria for participants in the program, including, but not limited to, consideration of the applicant's age, previous placement history, delinquency history, history of drug or alcohol abuse, current strengths, level of education, mental health history, medical history, prospects for successful participation in the program, and work experience. Youth who are wards of the court described in Section 602 and youth receiving psychotropic medications shall be eligible for consideration to participate in the program, and shall not be automatically excluded due to these factors.

(2) The department shall review the admission criteria to ensure that the criteria are sufficient to protect participants and that they do not discriminate on the basis of any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code.

(b) Strict employment criteria that include a consideration of the employee's age, drug or alcohol history, and experience in working with persons in this age group.

(c) A training program designed to educate employees who work directly with participants about the characteristics of persons in this age group placed in long-term care settings, and designed to ensure that these employees are able to adequately supervise and counsel participants and to provide them with training in independent living skills.

(d) A detailed plan for monitoring the placement of persons under the licensee's care.

(e) A contract between the participating person and the licensee that specifically sets out the requirements for each party, and in which the licensee and the participant agree to the requirements of this article.

(f) An allowance to be provided to each participant in the program. In the case of a participant living independently, this allowance shall be sufficient for the participant to purchase food and other necessities.

(g) A system for payment for utilities, telephone, and rent.

(h) Policies regarding all of the following:

(1) Education requirements.

(2) Work expectations.

(3) Savings requirements.

(4) Personal safety.

(5) Visitors including, but not limited to, visitation by the placement auditor pursuant to subdivision (d).

(6) Emergencies.

(7) Medical problems.

(8) Disciplinary measures.

(9) Child care.

(10) Pregnancy.

(11) Curfew.

(12) Apartment cleanliness.

(13) Use of utilities and telephone.

(14) Budgeting.

(15) Care of furnishings.

(16) Decorating of apartments.

(17) Cars.

(18) Lending or borrowing money.

(19) Unauthorized purchases.

(20) Dating.

(21) Grounds for termination that may include, but shall not be limited to, illegal activities or harboring runaways.

(i) Apartment furnishings, and a policy on disposition of the furnishings when the participant completes the program.

(j) Evaluation of the participant's progress in the program and reporting to the independent living program and to the department regarding that progress.

(k) A linkage to the federal Job Training and Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1501 et seq.) program administered in the local area to provide employment training to eligible participants and a linkage to information about state employment opportunities under the Emancipated Foster Youth Examination and Appointment Program (Chapter 5.6 (commencing with Section 19245) of Part 2 of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code).

SEC. 53. Section 18907 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

18907. In the determination of eligibility for food stamps, there shall be no discrimination against any household by reason of marital status, political belief, or any characteristic listed or defined in Section 11135 of the Government Code to the extent not in conflict with federal law.

SEC. 54. (a) The changes to Section 66030 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 66030 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(b) The changes to Section 66251 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 66251 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(c) The changes to Section 66292 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 66292 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(d) The changes to Section 66292.1 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 66292.1 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(e) The changes to Section 66292.2 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 66292.2 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(f) The changes to Section 69535 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 69535 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(g) The changes to Section 72011 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 72011 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(h) The changes to Section 72014 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 72014 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(i) The changes to Section 89757 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes

effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 89757 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

(j) The changes to Section 92150 of the Education Code proposed by this bill shall not become operative if (1) SB 777 is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 92150 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777.

SEC. 55. Section 21.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section 66270 of the Education Code proposed by both this bill and SB 777. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 66270 of the Education Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 777, in which case Section 21 of this bill shall not become operative.

SEC. 56. Section 50.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section 5806 of the Welfare and Institutions Code proposed by both this bill and SB 851. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 5806 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after SB 851, in which case Section 50 of this bill shall not become operative.

SEC. 57. Section 52.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section 16522.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code proposed by both this bill and AB 671. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 16522.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after AB 671, in which case Section 52 of this bill shall not become operative.